Spirit of Jefferson.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY JAMES W. BELLER,

In Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia. OPPICE ON MAIN STREET, A FEW DOORS ABOVE THE VALLEY BANK,)

VALLEY BANK,)

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37 ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1 00 per square for the first three insertions, and \$5 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the subscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and GHARGED ACCORDINGLY. A liberal discount made o these who advertise by the year.

AGENTS. The following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as Agents for our paper, and will forward money for subscriptions, dcc., or receive any additional names to our list that can be procured. The present is a favorable timefor advancing our enterprise, and we hope these who may feel an interest in its success, will give us their aid

WM. J. STEPHENS, Harpers-Ferry;
JOHN G. WILSON,
SOLOMON STALEY, Shepherdstown;
WM. Or JAMES BURR, Elk Branch;
JOHN COOK, Zion Church;
WM. RONEMOUS OF ADAM LINE, Sen., Union School

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JOHN H. SMITH OT W. J. BURWELL, Smithfield;
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WM. TIMBERLAKE OF J. O. COYLE, Brucotown, Fredrick county.

rick county; HENRY F. BAKER, Winchester; Col. WM. HARMISON OF WM. G. CATLETT, Bath

Col. Ws. Harmison of Ws. G. Caylett, Bath Morgan county;
John H. Likens, Martinsburg;
George W. Bradfield, Snickersville;
J. P. Megelth, Philemont, Loudoun county;
Ws. A. Stephenson, Upperville, Fauquier county;
John Burkitt, Hillsborough, Loudoun county;
George Gilbert, Romney, Hampshire county;
George Gilbert, Romney, Hampshire county;
Gabriel Jordan of W. Bear, Luray, Page county
Col. Andrew Keyera, Hope Mills, do
Capt. Peter Paicz, Springfield, do
Morgan Johnson, Ninovah, Warren county;
Maj. Jro. S. Calvert, New-Market, Shenandosh co.
John H. P. Stone, Waterford, Loudoun county;
— Masset, White Post, Clarke county;
Col. — Turner, Front Royal, Warren county.

TANCE'S SARSAPARILLA, OR BLOOD TO WHAT IS THAT PRINCIPLE WHICH WE CALL THE BLOOD?

THE BLOOD IS THAT PRINCIPLE

THE BLOOD IS THAT PRINCIPLE
BY WHICH THE WHOLE SYSTEM IS
REGULATED. Therefore, if the blood becomes impure, a general derangement of the system must ensue; and give rise to
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Duspepsia, Dropsy,
Headache, Fullness of Blood, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhod and Typhus Fevers, of all kinds, Indigestion,
Weakness of Stomach, Rheumatism and Rheumatic Affection, Nervous Affections, Liver Complaint,
Asthma, Pleurisy, Inflamation of the Lungs, Low
Spirits, Fits, Measles, Small Pox, Whooping
Cough, Croup, Sore Eyes, Inward weakness,
Worms, Quinzy, Bronchitis, Cholic, Dysenlery,
Gravel, Salt Rheum, Degriess and other affections
of the Ear, St. Anthouy's Fire, Scrofula or King's
Evil, Ulcers, White Swellings, Tumors, Biles,
Suppressed Monthly Discharges and Female, Complaints in general, Eruptions of the Skin, Habitual
Costiveness, and all diseases depending on a disordered and diseased state of the blood, or a suspension
of the healthy secretions.

of the healthy secretions.

Therefore on the first appearance of any of these HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA, OR BLOOD PILLS

should be procured, and used according to the di-rections. PRICE 25 CENTS per Box of FIFTY PILLS, or FIVE BOXES for ONE DOLLAR. For sale by SETHS. HANCE, Corner of Chas, and Pratt streets, and 108 Baltimore street.

FURTHER PROOFS OF THE EFFICACY OF HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND IN RELIEVING AFFLICTED MAN!

MR. GEORGE T. WARRINGTON, residing in York MR. GEORGE T. WARRINGTON, residing in York street, Federal Hill, Baltimore, was attacked with a violent cough and sore throat, after trying many remedies, was induced by a friend to use Hance's Compound Syrup of Hoarhound, and before using one bottle was entirely cured.

ANOTHER, yet MORE ASTONISHING:

ANOTHER, yet MORE ASTONISHING! MRS. HERRIETTA MERRICK, residing in Monument street, between Canal and Eden streets, was attacked with a very severe Cough and Pain in the Breast, which was so intense, that it extended to the shoulders. She was afflicted also with a

After trying many remedies, she was persuaded by a friend to use HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND, and after using three dose, she experienced great relief, and before she had finished the bottle, was entirely cured.

EXPORTS OF PRICE 50 Cents per bottle, or 6 bottles for \$2,50.
For Sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore

st., and corner of Charles and Pratt streets Balti-For sale by Thos. M. FLIRT, Successor to J. H. Beard, Charlestown.
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry, For sale by Jos. ENTLER, Shepherdstown, Dorsey & Bowly, Winchester

DR. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry. THE GREAT REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION

CON SUMPTION,

Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Ashma, Pain in the Side and Breast, Whooping Cough, Croup, and Il Disorders of the Liver, and Lungs, Broken Constitution, &c., &c.

Thills "Celebrated Remedy" has now, by its intrinsic virtues, acquired a celebrity which can never be shaken by the many quack "Nostrums" with which the country abounds. The public are fast learning that this is the only remedy that can be relied upon for the speedy and permanent cure of all Diseases of the Lungs. It is literally aweeping Consumption from the land; wherever it is introduced and becomes known, all others dwindle into insignificance. The public have been "humbugged" long enough, and now resort to a medicine which the testimony of the most eminent physicians in the land has placed beyond the reach of criticism. It requires no bolstained, and one trial will convince all of its great efficiency in curing those distressing diseases above named, which have baffied the skill of the most learned practitioners for ages heretofore.

DR SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY was the first preparation from that valuable tree which was ever introduced to the public, and ample proof is afforded of its success by the country being dooded with "Balsams," "Candles," and "Mixtures," of Wild Cherry, not one of which is prepared by a regular physician, although they have assumed the name of respectable physicians to give currency to their "Nostrums." Therefore the public should be on their guard, and not have a worthless mixture palmed upon them for the original and genuine preparation, which is only prepared by Br. SWAYNE, N. W. corner of Eighth and Rece streets, Philadelphia.

HENRY S. FORNEY, ACENT.

HENRY S. FORNEY, AGENT.
Shepherdstown, July 2, 1847—cowly.

N. O. Molasses.

10 BBLS, superior quality N. O. Molasses for sale at YOUNG'S Agency.
Jan. 11, 1847.

PLUMBS AND LEVELS—Just received a few Spirit Plumbs and Levels, also Patent CROWS for Coopers, which will be sold low for cash.

THOS. RAWLINS.

CASTILE SOAP.—10 boxes, 30 lbs. each genuine Castile Soap, for sale by Jan. 11.

10 BOXES Rosin Soap; 10 boxes Mould Candles, 6's; 10 boxes Sperm Candles, 6's—for sale by Dec. 31.

FRESH MACCARONI, for sale by CRANE & SADLER

Deboted to News, Politics, Agriculture, General Miscellany and Commercial Intelligence.

CHARLESTOWN, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 25, 1848.

THE THREE VOICES. What sayeth the past to thee! Weep!
Truth is departed;
Beauty hath died like the dream of a sleep,
Love is faint-hearted;
Tritles of sense, the profoundly unreal,
Scare from our spirits God's holy ideal—
So, as a funeral-bell; slow and deep;
So tolls the past to thee! Weep!

How speaks the present hour? Act.
Walk, upward glancing;
So shall thy footsteps in glory be tracked,
Slow, but advancing.
Seorn not the smallness of daily endeavor:
Let the great meaning ennoble it ever;
Droop not o'er efforts expended in vain;
Work, as believing labor is gain.

What doth the future say! Hope!
Turn thy face aunward,
Look where the light fringes the far rising slope,
Day cometh onward,
Watch! Though so long be twilight delaying,
Let the first sunbeam arise on thee praying;
Fear not, for greater is God by thy side,
Than armies of Satan against thee allied!

General Intelligence.

THE QUESTION SETTLED .- The following extract of a letter from Gen. Taylor, declining to participate in the proceedings of the meeting at Philadelphia last week, settles the question as to his coming North during his leave of absence.— The letter is dated Baton Rouge, La., Decem-

" Although it is now quite too late for me to reach your city by the appointed time, I deem it proper to state, that had your note reached me at an earlier date, I should yet, I regret to say, have been unable to accept your kind invitation. Pri-vate matters of much importance to me, and the fact that my professional service are, at any mo-ment, at the disposal of the government, render it necessary and proper that during my short leave of absence from duty in Mexico, I should remain in this vicinity."

THE CHOLERA IN LONDON.—The London Cor-respondent of the National Intelligencer, in his latest letter, furnishes the following startling in-

elligence:
"A more alarming piece of news is, that the Cholera is undoubtedly in London, and has broken out with extreme virulence in Golden Lane, and other densely populated parts of the city. The police keep watch and ward there to interdict communication.—The symptoms of the disease are of a very alarming nature, exhibiting itself in plague spots and other fearful characteristics. This is truly a melancholy close to my communication. I hope the matter is made the worst of, but have many fears."

The steamboat Sea Bird, from N. O. bound to St. Louis, having on board 1000 kegs of gunpowder, took fire on Wednesday week, when near Cape Girardeau, and was blown to atoms by the explosion that ensued. The passengers and crew escaped from the burning boat before the fire reached the powder. The report of the explosion was heard forty miles distant.

BLOWING HOT AND COLD .- The celebrated Albert Gallatin, says the Lancaster Intelligencer, recently published a pamphlet on the subject of the Mexican War, in which he takes strong grounds against his country and in defence of Mexico. Thereupon Mr. Clay, as in duty bound, eulogises Mr. Gallatin and his production. That he entertained a different opinion of him in 1832, is proved by the following extracts:

"Albert Gallatin has | "I have this mo estoffices under this gov-ernment during thirty years, and he is still at heart an ALIEN."—Hen-

perused an able pam-phlet from the pen of Mr. Gallatin, in which,

exported from the principal ports to Europe for the quarter ending Dec. 31., was as follows: sure with all his might, and on the Internal Imposement subject he was very lately delivered of the very curious theories which sorely puzzled

GEN. CASS NOMINATED .- The Democratic State Convention of Ohio, has nominated Gen. Cass for the Presidency, by a vote of 237 to 22.

COLORED LAWYER .- The young colored lawer, Geo. B. Vashon, of Pittsburg, Pa., who com-leted the study of law in the office of Hon. Walthe Supreme Court of New York as an attorney, so-licitor, and counsellor, having been found duly qualified. Mr. Vashon has chosen the island of Hayti (Port Republican) for his future home, and will sail in the first vessel.

The New England papers state that Tuesday, the 11th instant, was one of the coldest days ever experienced in that section of the country. At Bristol N. H., on that day, the mercury fell to 26 degs. below zero. At Lyme, in the same State, the thermometer indicated 33 degs. below zero. At St. Johnsbury, Vermont, the mercury fell to 40 degs. below zero, and congealed.

The Roman Cathloic population of Cincinnati is estimated in Cists' Advertiser at 24,000—being about one-fourth of the whole.

First Shad.—We learn from the Savanah Georgian of the 25th that three shad were served up on that day at the City Hotel—price five dol-

Sensible.—The Pennsylvania House of Repre-sentatives has agreed to abolish militia trainings in that State.

DEMAND FOR LABORERS.—In consequence of the destruction of houses and other buildings, caused by the late floods, there is an immense de-mand for laborers in Ohio. In one village alone (Marietta) three-hundred hands are wanted at pre-

Lance Turnip.—Mr. G. H. Dobyns, of Essex county, Va., has a turnip which he raised on his farm, weighing 33\dagged lbs., with a circumference of three feet!

ELECTED PROFESSOR.—Rev. J. F. Smith, of Winchester, Va., has been elected to the Professorship of Sacred Rhetoric at Auburn Theological Seminary.

WHAT IT COSTS.—The existing military and aval force of Great Britain costs \$86,000,000 er year.

Novel Newspaper.—A paper has been started in Princeton, Bureau county, Illinois, on a novel principle. It is edited by a Whig, a Democrat, and a Negro Liberty man. They divide the pa-per into three parts, and each advocates his doc-trings.

There are 100 nuns and 300 boarders at the

JOHN MINOR BOTTS. In the New Orleans Delta, we find the follow

ing sketch which is full of humor and good sense Coming from a neutral journal, it no doubt speaks the voice of the great mass of the people upon Mr. Botts' extraordinary regolutions, a few weeks since introduced into the House of Representatives, which the Delta makes its text :

tives, which the Delta makes its text:

This notable gentleman, whom the enlightened suffragans of the metropolitan district of Virginia have again elected as their representative in Congress, seems as impatient and greedy as ever of the ridicule and laughter of the whole country.—
He has introduced into the House of Representatives a string of resolutions as long as a rope of Wethersfield onions, or rather, to borrow a figure from the poor lands of Old Virginia, as long as a potato-vine, that has but few potatoes in the hill, and small ones at that.

potato-vine, that has but few potatoes in the hill, and small ones at that.

Mr. Botts belongs to that class of politicians whose opposition to any measure ensures its success, as his advocacy of any measure brings certain death. He is a sort of political upas tree, that distills and drops poison and ruin on all who cluster under its shade. Like the renowned Hun, no grass ever grows where his foot is planted. The Troing Prophetes was not more certain to be

grass ever grows where his foot is planted. The Trojan Prophetess was not more certain to be mistrusted and discredited than the famous 'Headhim-or-die' Botte, though unlike the unhappy Cassandra, the Virginia Congressman was never so lucky or so sagacious as to hit upon the truth in any of his ratiocinations.

Botts sprung suddenly into a great man, not from the head of Jupiter, but from the back of a famous race-horse, whose successful performances on the track seem to have exhausted the good fortune of its owner. For when, in imitation of another accomplished jockey, who ecized the reins of the chariot of the Sun, and essayed the task of old Phœbus, the Virginia Phæton madly attempted to guide and manage the car of State, he involved the world in as great confusion as that which resulted from the ambitious Jehuship of his mythological original.

ythological original.

The President of the Henrico Jockey Club, like The President of the Henrico Jockey Club, like another great sportsman, turned politicians, who lately figured in Parliament, disappointed those friends who predicted, from his previous experience, that he would be a STABLE politician. The truth is, Johnny makes a good start very often, but before the post is reached, he generally shies badly, flies the track, and lets down. After the great break down in the race with Captain Tyler, a few years ago, his backers took him off the field altogether, and put him out to graze.

A few years of rest and good treatment have

a lew years ago, his backers took him off the field altogether, and put him out to graze.

A few years of rest and good treatment have restored his energies, and repaired the effects of his previous disaster. He is now entered for a regular four mile, and certainly comes up to the scratch very handsomely. Who will bet on him? Who will not take the field against him? Ever since Botts slept with Captain Tyler at Brown's Hotel and swore so roundly against the Constitutional scruples of his incipient Accidency, there has been a screw loose in his political organization. He has been whirling and dancing about like a March hare, running his head against every old stump, tree or stone, that lay about his path. His first mad undertaking was to head his whillom bed-fellow, and in case he did not succeed, he was, Curtius-like, to leap full-armed into his—grave. The condition of the contract occurred—Captain Tyler was not headed—nor beheaded either—by Captain Botts or any body else, except, perhaps, by Captain T, himself. But Captain B, instead of fulfilling his stipulation, continued to nstead of fulfilling his stipulation, continued to ive on, thinking, no doubt, with Hudibras, that,

He who fights and runs away May live to HEAD another day. ments, no sympathies, to principles in common with our people. He without any cooncert between us. I find that broad some of the highest offices under this government during thirty had previously occurrence are an alien. Henry Clay in 1832:

Exports of Breadstuffs.—The bread stuffs exported from the principal ports to Europe for the subject of from the pen of Mr. Gallatin, in which, without any cooncert between us. I find that he takes similar positions to those which I the takes similar positions to those which I them to admit the reading and consideration of the memorials of the Northern fanatics. And after sundry grand banking and financial projects, which few ever understood and nobody ever supported, we next find him looming out largely on the Oregon question, publishing long articles in the newspapes to show that we were all wrong and England all right in that controversy. On the Texas question, too, he did not fail to attempt to enlighten public opinion, opposing that mea.

DESTINY OF THE UNION.

The following is a highly eloquent passage from Mr. WALKER's able report, being the confrom Mr. WALKER's able report, being the concluding paragraph:

"A liberal commercial policy is essential to the fulfilment of this great destiny of New York and of the Union; but above and beyond all, the Union, its perpetuity and onward progress in area, wealth and population, are necessary to the accomplishment of these grand results. Upon this point, sectional fanatics, few in number at home and despots abroad concurring with them may hope or menace; but the American Union is a moral and physical, a political, and commercial necessity, and never can or will be dissolved. As well we might attempt to discompose the great element of might attempt to discompose the great element of nature which holds together the planets, suns, and magnetic the scompose the great clement of nature which holds together the planets, suns, and systems of the universe, as hope to sever the links of mighty lakes and rivers, of ever-extending telegraphs, railroads and canals, of free trade, of intercourse, of interest, of love and affection, of the glories of the past, the present and the future, which must for ever bind together the American Union. Indeed when we look upon the American revolution, the framing of the Constitution, the addition of Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Oregon—our ever-extending area, products and population—our triumphs in war and peace—we must be blind to the past, and close our eyes upon the fulfilling realities of the future, if we cannot perceive and gratefully acknowledge that a higher than an earthly power still guards and directs our destiny, impels us onward, and has selected our great and happy country as a model and ultimate centre of attraction for all the nations of the world."

THOMAS RITORIE.

To the Editors of the Pennsylvanian:
"How long," thought I, as I cast my eyes over one of Thomas Ritche's late editorials, shall we have the old man with us! How long will his vigor of mind survive the assaults o time?" And I fell into the following train o

will his vigor of mind survive the assaults of time?" And I fell into the following train of reflections: When you first took the Editorial Chair, I was but a boy; and now my locks are whitened with the frosts of more than filty winters. What changes have I seen of men and measure since I first heard the name of Thomas Ritchie! Jeffersonian principles was then just in the bud; or rather it had just then developed itself, and your masterly mind was just verging on its prime. The Old Dominion was in its zenith of her glory. Other States could boast of their strong men; but Virginia could boast at one and the same time of a Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Marshall, Giles, Nicholas, Lee, Randolph, Tazowell, and Ritchie. Your enemies, (the young of them at least, will laugh to see your name in this list. The old, (the candid of them at least, will not.) You deserve the place and posterity will award it to you, if it do you justice. If the renown and happiness which we possess as a nation, be any proof of the counsels by which we have been governed for forty years, not a star in that bright galaxy has shed a brighter, purer, steadier llight on the pathway that led to our distinction, than you have. They have all gone and left you, Thomas; and thou standest now among their off-shoots like the aged hem-lock in the lurricane's path. I marked their course, until the night of death shut in upon them, and they all swerved more or less from the faith which they professed, when you took post as their ally on the ramparts of Freedom. A numerous corps of kindred spirits soon rallied to your standard, and passed your watchword with joy through the length and breadth of the land. They, too, are gone. Some forsook you in the hour of danger, and turned their batteries against you—others withered for want of support—others unto the cold neutrality—and now all are dead. But here are you still, unchanging and unchanged. Where you were in the prime

you—others withered for want of support—others sunk into the cold neutrality—and now all are dead. But here are you still, unclanging and unchanged. Where you were in the prime and vigor of your manhood, there you are now, with three score years and ten upon you. Committing to your sons the flag you first unfurled, unchanged in a letter of its heraldry, from the day that old Richmond first greeted it, you rise to a loftier position, and there fling to the breeze another, with the self same emblazonry. The very editorials which you published five and thirty years ago, you might republish now, and none would know, but that they were of yesterday's coinage. Show me—I will not say the editor—show me the man in public life, who for half the time, under half the opposing influences, has stood as firm! I honor thee, Tom Ritchie! I cannot but honor the man so steadfast in principle, even when I differ with him. I honor him the more in these times of political instability. It is saddening to the patriot's heart, to see how men of influence change; and sadder yet, to see with want blind serviller the mutical collection.

It is saddening to the patriot's heart, to see how men of influence change; and sadder yet, to see with what blind servility the multitude follow them. "Truth," it is said, "is mighty, and must prevail, because Falseshood carries in her hand a whip of scorpions from which there is no refuge but in Truth. She will drive men to Truth at last; but she is discriminate in her scourgings, often involving the innocent with the guilty and, visiting the sins of the father upon the children, the third and fourth generation. Men should remember this when they are wheeling about and turning their backs upon Truth, to secure some trivial present interest. He that plucks and eats the forbidden fruit, because it seems good for food, is pleasant to the eye, and desirable to make men rise, should remember, that just that offence entailed a curse upon the earth, from which fifty-eight centuries have not redeem-

the Lexas question, too, he did not fail to altempt to enlighten public opinion, opposing that measure with all his might, and on the Internal Improvement subject he was very lately delivered of a some very curious theories which sorely puzzled even the crotchety head of Horace Greely. On all these questions Botts has shown himself to be a very small politician for a very small party.

His conceit and idiosyncrasies will never allow him to follow the lead of more sensible men, whilst he has not power to originate or strength to sustain himself in the eccentric positions in which he forces himself. He has the presumption of Icaros, and will fly against the very sunbeams with wings stuck ou with wax, and, like that daring youth, tumble headlong to the earth. His last flight is on the Mexican question. The character of the man—the full extent of his vanity and assurance—his crotchetyness and obliquity of mental and political vision—his perfect contempt for the received opinions and common sense notions of the winole world outside of John Minor Botts, are fully illustrated in the following resolutions, which will be better deserving of our consideration and discussion when they are endorsed by some more responsible politician.

DESTINY OF THE UNION. dor; but it may well be questioned, whether any man living could have borne its point under like circumstances, with better grace than you showed under it. What designation shall I give that quality you have, of bearing patiently manifest wrongs, and hold encroachments upon your constitutional rights—of arguing with them temporarily, and looking to changes of men and times for rellef? By the standard of my own judgment, should call it a fault, but at the bar of public opinion it will be pronounced a virtue, and therefore you are entitled to the credit of that too. I cannot reason with rank injustice—I cannot treat it with the least respect—I cannot think of policy under it. Resistance, prompt and unflinching, is my only rule in such case. This, it seems to me, is the only course of safety; but the world is against me, and therefore it is probable I am wrong. I shall be glad to find it so. The first indication that I have seen, which in clines my judgment to your course in preference to my own, is the noble and fearless stand which some Northern men of distinction have taken in defence of Southern rights. Surely they deserved a warmer greeting from the South than they have received. What can we hope for from the North, if we will have no fellowship with her sons who peril their popularity at home, to secure to us our constitutional rights? Alas, what a blind self-destroying thing is Party.

And now, friend Ritchie, the political elements are all in a ferment—dark and heavy clouds are hovering thick around you—the breakers are roaring on every side of you: how will old Palinurus navigate smidst these awful dangers? It is my last and beat compliment to you, that while the heavy vessels, and the small craft, and the wreckers are scudding in every direction, every one knows where to find the old Commodore of Richmond:—hard at the helm of the old Commodore of Richmond:—hard at the helm of the old Commodore of Richmond:—hard at the helm of the old Commodore of Richmond:—hard at the helm of the old Commodore of Richmon

A MARRIAGE.—The daughter of Col. Benton (Sarah) was on Monday married to Mr. Jacob of Louisville. The sister of Mr. Jacob was married to a son of Mr. Clay. Mr. Clay was at the wedding.

Richard at the helm of the old Constitution, with the Jeffersonian chart in hand, his eye alternately fixed upon Aquila and the Pleia-des, and steering undaunted by the one or the, other, as safety seems to require. God bear thee in safety through the storm, and speed thee to pleasant moorings, Tom:

WHIG MEETING.

The Whigs of Jefferson,-without regard to their predilections for a candidate for the Presidency, assembled at the Court-house, in Charlestown, on Monday the 17th instant, agreeably to

previous call.

The meeting was organized by the appoint ment of the following officers:

President.—THOMAS GRIGGS, Esq.

Vice Presidents.—HENRY BERRY, JOHN REED WM. G. FERGUSON and F. BECKHAM. Secretaries .- HORATIO N. GALLAHER and JOHN

M. Jewerr.
After the organization of the meeting, Andrew HUNTER, Esq., moved the appointment of a Committee of five to draft resolutions.

The Chairman appointed the following gentle-men: Andrew Hunter, John H. McEndree, Lawson Botts, John Kable and James D. Gib-

The following preamble and resolutions were reported through Mr. Hunter, Chairman, and unanimously adopted:

The Whigs of Jefferson county, here assembled in primary meeting, without respect to their individual choice of a candidate for the next Presidency—deeming the present an occasion, which calls for, not only a serious and solemn consideration and avversely on the control of children and solemn consideration and avversely of control of children and solemn consideration and avversely of control of children and solemn consideration and avversely of control of children and control of the control of children and child calls for, not only a serious and solemn consideration and expression of opinion, coherning the
momentous issues which now agitate the country—but also for prompt and energetic action in
endeavoring to bring back the Government of the
country to that state of primitive purity and sound
policy, which distinguished the earlier and better
days of the Republic—do therefore Resolve,
That, while we feel increased confidence in the
soundness and wisdom of our political cred, and
will stand fast to its principles, we yet deplore the
violence of that ultra party spirit which now prevalls throughout the country, turning in a great
measure upon mere questions of expediency; a
spirit, which, in its excess, we believe is hostile
to the genius of our Republican Institutions—
dangerous to our liberties, and destructive to the
peace, happiness, and prosperity of our common
country.

Reselved, That while, in reference, to the pre-

to the genius of our Republican Institutions—dangerous to our liberties, and destructive to the peace, happiness, and prosperity of our common country.

Resolved, That while in reference to the present War with Mexico, we have no desire to enter upon the ungrateful task of showing our country to be in the wrong—and deeming it incepedient under existing circumstances, to enter upon the consideration of that subject, further than may be necessary to hold the present administration of the Federal Government, to a just and rigid accountability; we yet have no hesitation in expressing our firm conviction, that but for the unwise, rash, and unconstitutional conduct of the President, the war might have been prevented without any sacrifice of the honor or essential interests of the country.

Resolved, That we regard the present War, and especially the issues growing out of it, as subversive, in a great degree, of the public and political morals of the country—injurious to its best interests, and imminently endangering the very existence of the Union—that therefore, it is the duty of those having charge of the matter, both Congress and the Executive, to adopt every proper measure to bring about a Excourge pacineation, without being governed by ultra, over wrought, and fancied notions of national honor on the one hand, or on the other, recognising to any extent the abominable doctrine, that it is the destiny of our race, and of our country, to propagate Liberty and an enlightened Christianity by Fire and the Sword.

Resolved, That any indemnity, that can be extorted from our impoverished and down-trodden enemies, would be but a miserable compensation for the innumerable evils inflicted, and likely to be inflicted upon our own Country, by this unnatural War—that our Rulers, therefore, without reference to the justice or injustice of the War, ought not to adhere with undue tenacity, to the idea of an indemnity, which is impracticable otherwise, than by bringing upon us far greater evils with, than without it—but are bound

Resolved, That while these are our sentiments on the subject of the War, our hearts bound with the proudest exultation in contemplating the glorious achievements of our arms in Mexico—and that the whole Army, from the General-in-Chief down to the drummer boy, are justly entitled to the lasting gratitude of the whole country, without respect to parties.

Resolved, That having to contend in the next Presidential campaign, with the well organized, so call Democratic party, backed by all the power and patronage of the Government, it is wain to attempt it, without an equally efficient organization on our part—that we believe this will be better effected, by adhering to the time honored usage of holding a State Convention, and, if deemed necessary to embody public sentiment, also a National Convention—that therefore, we concur in the recommendation to hold a Whig State Convention, in the city of Richmond, on Wednesday the 23d day of February next, for the purpose of framing a Whig Electoral ticket for the State of Virginia; for the further purpose, if that Convention shall deem it expedient, to nominate candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States; and for the further purpose, if deemed expedient, to appoint delegates to a National Convention to make such nominations.

Resolved, That in pursuance of the foregoing resolution, the Chairman of this meeting do appoint fifty delegates to attend the said Convention at Richmond, and that the names of the Chairman and other officers of this meeting be added to the delegation.

Resolved, That we the Whigs of Jefferson, regard with unabated pride and admiration, the name of HENRY CLAY of Kentucky—and if nominated for the Presidency, are ready to stand by him to the last—that the costly sacrifice he has recently made, in the person of fise cherished son, upon the altar of his Country's Glory, endearshim still more to our attachment, personal and political—and whether as a candidate for the Presidency or in the shades of retirement, we still look upon h

Richmond on the 23d Fe
Thomas Griggs,
Henry Berry,
John Reed,
Wm. G. Ferguson,
Fontaine Beckham,
Horatlo N. Gellaher,
John M. Jewett,
Joseph McMurran,
John A. Thomson,
Audrew Hunter,
Wm. C. Worthington,
Wm. F. Alexander,
Lewis W. Washington,
Carey Thompson,
Rezin Cross,
Ignatius P. Lysle,
Conrad R. Starry,
Benjamin T. Towner,
Edmund I. Lee,
John F. Smith,
A. S. Dandridge,
Authony Kennedy,
Ambrose Cross,
J. C. Unseld,
J. F. Abell,
Andrew Kennedy,
Wm. M. Nevinedy Andrew Kennedy Wm. II. Norris,

Richard Henderson,
John Moler,
Abraham Snyder.
Nathaniel W. Manning.
Wm. Granham,
A. C. Timberlake,
Thomas Lock.
Geo. W. Sappington, jr.,
Wm. Lisle Haker,
Sam'l W. Lackland,
Thomas H. Willis,
John Yates,
Thomas Hite,
G. W. Moler,
John T. Henkle,
Geo. W. Raneon,
Samuel Ridenour.

J. Harrison Kelly, William McMurran, Sam'l J. C. Moore, Resolved, That the Editors of the two newspa-pers printed in Charlestown, and of the whig newspapers of the adjoining counties, and in the city of Richmond, be respectfully requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting. [Signed by the Officers.

NEWS ITEMS.

REV. THOMAS SEWELL. We learn with great pleasure from the George town Advocate that a letter has been received from him at Montgomery, Alabama, in which he speaks very favorably of the improvement of his health and the benefit to be derived from the

The Commissioner of Pensions represents the business of his department so much ac cumulated that cleven or twelve additional clerks are necessary to bring up the business of the year. According to the record the number of applications under the act of February 11, 1847, received at the Pension office in the few months pre-ceding, before the report was made up, were 18,-360, of which number 1,950 applied for Treasury Scrip, and 16,410 for land.

"Liberty Lodge, No. 60, 1. O. O. F." was opened in Lovettsville, Londoun county, on the 11th instant by D. Grand Master Israel Robinson, and the following officers elected and installed: John H. White, N. G.; Joseph W. Bronaugh, V. G.; S. H. Price, S.; James Graham. Grand James Ijams was elected as Representative to the Grand Lodge of Virginia. The Lodge is located in a most clever and hospitable part of

The measles are committing dreadfu havoc among the children of Zacatecas and Du-rango, Mexico. About four thousand children are supposed to bave died in the city of Zacate-cas, and about the same number at Durango.

The Rev. J. FEW SMITH, of Winchester has been elected to the Professorship of Sacred Rhetoric, at the Auburn Theological Seminary.

The Cincinnatti Atlas says that a resolution recommending Gen, Taylor for the Presidency has passed both branches of the Kentucky

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.—A young man, named Overly, residing near East Berlin, Adams county, Pa., committed suicide by hanging himself on the 2d inst. He left a wife and four small children. What is singular, on the next day, which was the day of the funeral of the deceased, his father left the house temporarily, and was soon after found in an out-building in the act of committing the same rash de He was, however, soon rescued and finally restored to consciousness.

THE DOCTOR CHOP.—It appears from the published catalogues of most of the medical schools in the United States for the sessions of 1846-7, that there are now 4,192 students and 1,188 graduates.

COURT HOUSE BURNT .- The court house at Staunton, Va., took fire last week, and was considerably damaged.

GEN. TAYLOR .- The Whigs of the lat Illinois State Convention for the amend-ment of the Constitution, nominated Gen. Taylor for the Presidency.

The Democratic Convention of the State of Ohio have nominated John B. Weller as their candidate for Governor.

A WOOLLY HORSE.-The Cincinnati Atlas states that one of the greatest natural wonders ever seen is now being exhibited in that city, being nothing less than a horse covered with wool instead of hair; without mane; with a tail like an elephant and a beautiful form.

Costly Paintings .- There are two an cient paintings in the convent of Puebla, Moxico, which cost \$30,000 each A SINGULAR INCIDENT.

Miscellaneons.

A SENCULAR EXCLIDITION.

A late immore of the New York Sun contained the following swirtlessent:

"If the cabinan, who brought a gentleman to the Aster House, at about 11 o'clock this morning, (Monday,) will call at the office she have word with other of the clerks, at what street ment in this Senatorial District, to join with us, and the contemplated Convention, to be held on the 10th day of February next, for the purpose of moninating a unitable candidate to serve during the next term in the Senator of Virginia—and in Switchester as a unitable candidate to serve during the next term in the Senator of Virginia—and in Switchester as the representation of the other contains, that the contemplated Convention beheld in Charlestown, a point equally convenient of control of the convention of the other contains, the time of the convention of the other contains, the time of the convention of the other contains, the time of the convention of the other contains, and the convention of the convention of the convention of the other contains, and the convention of the convention of

WEAR A SMILE.

WEAR A SMILE.

Which will you do—smile and make others happy, or be crabbed and make every one around you miserable? You can live among beautiful flowers and singing birds, or in the mire, surrounded with logs and frogs. The amount of happiness you can produce is incalculable if you show a smiling fece—a kind heart—and speak pleasant words. On the other hand, by sour looks, cross words, and a fretful disposition, you can make scores and hundreds wretched almost beyond endurance. Which will ye do? Wear a pleasant countenance—let joy beam in your eyes, and love grow on your forehead. Thege is no joy so great as that which springs from a kind act or a pleasant deed—and you may feel it at night when you rest, at morning when you rise, and through all the day, when about your business.

"A smile: who will refuse a smile,
The sorrowing breast to cheer?
And turn to love the heart of guile,
And check the falling tear?

A pleasant smile for every face, O, 'its a blessed thing! it will the lines of care, erase. And spots of beauty bring."

ERRING BROTHER. Would you throw a brickbat at a friend who had fallen overboard? Would you gather stones and pile them on a bank that had fallen on a brother? Would you throw a keg of powder to a friend who had fallen in the fire? Then why heap words of reproach upon him who has erred from the path of duty? Why denounce him and spurn him from your presence? Can you be a stranger to the human heart?—you who have so often fallen?

He cannot know the human heart.

He cannot know the human heart,
Who, when a weaker brother errs,
Instead of acting Mercy's part,
Each base malignant passion stirs,
Harsh words and epithets but prove
That he himself is in the wrong—
Tiat first he needs a brother's love,
To nerve his heart and guide his tongus.

Home .- What can be more beautiful than the following passage on this subject from the fruit-

"How many thoughts and affections cling around the word home! The traveller as he wanders o'er the rough pathway of some distan-clime, calls to his recollection the scenes of his own lovely home; and beholds in imagination, seated around his own fire-side, his affectionate spouse and lovely children eagerly awaiting his seated around his own fire-side, his affectionate spouse and lovely children eagerly awaiting his return home. The young man, as he arrives at an age capable of "doing for himself," and starts out in the world to seek a tortune in a distant State, casts behind a long and lingering look at his early home, and remembers that he has left there all the endearments of his childhood and early youth; a kind mother who had succored him in infancy, and watched over him in childhood; an affectionate sister who had been his guardian through youth, and solace in affliction; and the companions of his early days, still remain at his childhood's home; and as he wanders along o'er hill and dale, in search of an abiding place; as he encounters difficulties, and dangers across his path; as temptations intervene and misfortunes arise, he is satisfied there is no place like home. As the sea-faring mariner skims o'er the briny tide; as he is tossed to and frou you the foaming wave, in search of hidden treasures that lay across the mighty deep; the recollections of home in all its loveliness comes up to his mind, and when among strangers and far from home in some distant land, he eight:

"Home! sweet home,
There is no place like Howe!"

"Home! sweet home, There is no place like Home!"

"Home! sweet home,
There is no place like Home!"

Life and its Lilusions.—We formish, that our friends may cry out against our extravagance or bad taste;—we give dinners, that our guests may hereafter find fault with our cook or our cellar; we give parties, that the three parts of the company may rail at our stupidity; we dress that our acquaintances may revenge themselves on our silks, by finding fault with our appearance;—we marry; if well, it was interest—it badly, it was insanity;—we die, and even that is our own fault; if we had done so and so, or gone to Doctor such a one, the accident would not have happened. A man accepts a bill for his friend, who pays it, the obligation is held trifling. "What's in a name?" He falls—you have to pay it, and every one cries out against your folly. Oh, Life! what enables us to surmount your obstacles—to endure your disappointments—to believe your promises—but your illusions?

A VILLAGE PRESS.—Perhaps no one establishment is of more advantage to a community than that of a newspaper press. A newspaper is a village advances the interests of all trades, potessions and callings, by drawing to its vicinity much hasiness that would otherwise be diverted into other channels; and by giving prominence and notoriety abroad, to the business capabilities and other advantages of such village. The Press is, as it were, the special counsels of the citizans of the town wherein it is located—pleading in many cases without fee or reward; and in some instances conveying light and heat to establishments which might otherwise "drag their slow lengths along" in almost utter obscurity



Tuesday Morning, January 25, 1848.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. Tuesday next, 1st February, is the day of the assembling of the Senatorial Convention in this District. We have no doubt there will be a full representation from the several counties of the District, and that the proceedings of the Convention will greatly redound to the success of our principles in the approaching canvass. Let harm my, union and concert be our watch-word, and all is well.

At the last Presidential Election, there was, in the three counties comprising this Senatorial District, (Jefferson, Frederick and Clarke,) but a majority of one in favor of the Democratic party.— Hence, both parties may well be sanguine, and the field considered one for a fair and honorable competition. Our Whig friends are on the alert -They begin already to speculate as to our dissensions, and kindly profler for us issues irrelevant to the question, and foreign to our purpose. Let us nail to the counter with our decisive condemnation this impertment interference, and present in the Convention, as at the election, one undivided front. Select the man as our standard-bearer who will most effectually unite our forces, and most efficiently represent our principles and our interests. Personal feelings must be sacrificed to attain the good of our party, and the certain triumph of our cause. There is to be 'no child's play in this contest. The candidate, whoever he may be, must work, and work actively, from the time of his nomination until the election. If this be done, and the members of the Convention exercise but the proper spirit, we feel an abiding confidence in our success, and the most sanguine hope of an entire and complete triumph. SCHISMS IN THE OPPOSITION.

The Whigs are constantly jeering us about the division in our ranks—The Wilmot Proviso, the number of our candidates, &c., &c. The first is waning away in the north-though it is an alarming question in the Empire State. Our candidates will not essentially distract our party; for the very danger to which we are exposed will save us from the excess of competition. But why should the Whigs chuckle over our division-They have more candidates among themselves than they can conveniently manage. Mr. Clay has his friends. General Taylor has his partisans. They cannot take either, without laying themselves open to discontent in their own ranks and to the strongest opposition on the part of the Democrats. One of these contests in their own party is thus set forth in the "New York Her-It is an amusing scene, and shows the

ier" (or Taylor) clique: ier" (or Taylor) clique:

TROUBLE AMONG THE WHIGS IN THE CITY.—
Trouable has broken out in the Whig ranks in the city on the presidential question. At a meeting of the general committee of Democratic Whig young men, held at the Broadway House on Friday evening last, the following preamble and resolution was aftered by Mr. George A. Halsey, a delegate from the first ward:

Whereas this committee beholds in General Zachary Taylor those exalted qualities of the mind and heart, that fully entitle and no less qualify him for the first office in the gift of the American people; therefore,

Resolved, That we now unfurl the "rough and ready" banner to the breeze, and will use all hon-

whigs are torn to pieces between the "Tribune"

and " Express" (or Clay) clique, and the " Cour-

This resolution threw the meeting into the greatest confusion; every conceivable opposition rately decide on the force and supplies requisite was offered; confusion reigned supreme; nearly every member was on the floor at once—some rushing for the door; others exclaiming against the mover, who stood alone, "murder him"—

Without detracting from Gen. Taylor's distinthe mover, who stood alone, "murder him"—
"put him out"—"kill the traitor"—"he is a Locofoco"—"shoot him" &c., were the cries. Order was soon partially restored; when the door
was fastened, and an additional sergeant-at-arms stationed, to prevent ingress or egress, and a re-solution offered to substitute the name of Clay for solution offered to substitute the name of Clay for that of Taylor. The most prominent in the support of the resolution was J. T. M. Blakely, a clerk in the Jefferson market police, and one of the peace meeting; also, Charles Biddle. The substitute was carried by a vote of 46 for, 2 against, (George A. Halsey, of 1st ward, and Col. W. Lyon, of 13th ward,) and three declined voting. The mover of the Taylor resolution was researched from seaking.

prevented from speaking.

After this, we are informed, the following resolution was offered by Mr. Price, a clerk in one of the city departments

Resolved, That George A. Halsey, delegate to the Young Men's General Committee, from 1st ward, in view of the remarks made by him in derogation of the character of Henry Clay, deserves the just reprehension of this committee, and that the self respect of this committee requires that he should be solicited to resign his ceat in this body.

This was passed by a vote of 46 to 2, when

the committee adjourned to the bar-room, in a great state of excitement. What will the Whig masses say to this? Are they for Clay or Tay-lor? That is the question.

MOVEMENTS OF THE PEOPLE.

Preparations for the next campaign are beginning to manifest themselves in the proceedings of State conventions. Some of them have already ssembled-several of them on the 8th of January. Among them are Mississippi, Tennessee, and Kentucky. Some propose to meet on the 22d of February-more on the 4th of March. We have before us the convention of Georgia, which struck the first ball in the campaign. All the conventions from which we have hitherto heard, go for a National Convenion, as the best means of select ing the candidate of the democratic party.

SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION."-The Whig Young Men's General Committee in New York. refused by a vote of 2 to 40, to endorse General Taylor for the Presidency," in his presently bird for the last paragraph: position," as the N. Y. Express styles it. The

CONGRESS.

ment Bill, is still before the Senate. The Whige a vote is gotten on the Bill before the last of March. t will be as much as we expect. In the House, there will be nothing done, going to sustain the ists seem united in the same purpose, and if they ultimately fail in their efforts, it will be because the people repudiate their acts, and the patriotism of the country brands with ignominy and disgrace, their course of action.

Among the Speeches delivered in the House ly worthy of consideration, and truly able and elo-quent defences of the Administration and the War, are those of Mr. McLane from Maryland and Mr. WILLARD HALL from Mo. The latter gentleman our readers the favor to lay his speech before them in our next paper.

A DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. Is proposed to be held in Richmond, on the 28th day of February next, and the Democrats in the several counties, and Towns, in the State, are re-Ticket, is probable the most important. Great care and circumspection should be exhibited in duty, depends in a great degree, the success of designed mainly to represent the effects of Intem our candidate. Men should be selected, whose character and standing is unexceptionable, and who have the ability to meet our opponents, in public discussion. The duty of canvassing the districts properly belongs to the Electors, and no man who is not both able and willing to visit, and address the people in all parts of the district, ought to be appointed. GEN. TAYLOR AND THE WAR.

The following from the New York Sun, attri-buting the origin of "immediate hostilities with Mexico" to the act of Gen. Taylor, and reviewing some of that officer's operations prior to the attack upon Monterey, we deem proper to lay before our readers as a part of the history of the times. TheSun is one of the ablest and most extensively circulated papers of the country, and offers. is neutral in politics. In noticing the many falsehoods published against the Administration by its unscrupulous opponents, that paper'speaks as

FALSE REPRESENTATIONS, like counterfeit raise representations, like counterfeit coin, cannot stand the test of free circulation and inquiry; and we think the pretended friends of a brave and patriotic soldier like Gen. Taylor should be too wise, if they are not too honest, to use such means to urge him into the Presidency. In order to explain his position at Point leabel, so menacing to Mexico, and so indefensible in his then circumstances, the political partizans of General Taylor are in the habit of declaring that the Cabinet sent him to that particular spot and then net sent him to that particular spot and then withheld the necessary supplies. The fact is he and ample discretion to choose his own position, had ample discretion to choose his own position, and received whatever he called for—men, money, arms, provisions, and means of transportation—with an earnest promptitude and unstinted liberality, that astonished the military men of other nations. "Who ever heard of mere common soldiers and sailors being petted as those Americans are?" exclaimed a veteran British officer who happened to be at Washington, when the supplies called for at the Rio Grande, were despatched with all possible haste and without a murmer from government, though it must not be forgotten that these profound mentors were hold ing up hands and eyes at the "abominable extra Whereas this committee beholds in General Zachary Taylor those exalted qualities of the mind and heart, that fully entitle and no less who thought too much could be done for our qualify him for the first office in the gift of the American people; therefore,

Resolved, That we now unfurl the rough and ready" banner to the breeze, and will use all honorable exertions to secure the election of Gen.

Zachary Taylor to the presidency of the United

No The ACT of Taylor to TAKE THE POSITION TO

> guished military virtues, it must be conceded that he does not equal some of his compeers in that foresight and breadth of combination which is so essential to the execution of great designs It was his misfortune not to foreses the absoluted of a large force on the border at such ended its sitting, the whole nation saw that he only was right. Already was Gen. Taylor calling only was right. Aircaly was Gen. Taylor calling impatiently for more men; almost before those he had so peremptorily dismised, were fairly roturned to their homes. This unfortunate delay cost us dear, but the nation does not reproach her hero with his mistake. His claims on her love and gratitude throws it in the shade, but those who would make his heroic services the stepping stone of their ambition, should not, by unjust and needless attack on others, compel them to prove where lays the blame of the insufficient force and losing delays between the first hostilities and the tardy capture of Monterey. The next charge will be that Gov. Marcy, or Mr. Buchanan, or Mr. Polk, gave particular orders that the TMexican army should be permitted to carry off their horses and arms to fight us again, and that the FATAL ARMISTICE OF MONTEREY was written at Washington. written at Washington.

ANOTHER PAILURE.

An effort was made in the good old county of Rockingham, on Monday week, to get up a demonstration in favor of General Taylor, under the cloak of " No Partyism," but to subserve, in fact, the interests of some of the Whig leaders, which proved there, as elsewhere in Virginia, a complete failure. The "Register" furnishes a rich account of the meeting, its speaker, its re solutions, (which by the way were voted down without division,) &c., but we have only room

position," as the N. Y. Express styles it. The came paper says that "2 to 46 is about the ratio of his (Gen. Taylor's) position now among the Whigs of New York,—when he is mentioned an anonymous and anomalous candidate for the Presidency. At present we only marvel over him as "the Great unknown.'"

The Express is generally regarded as good Whig authority—and the "no party" Whigs may infer from the above, what little assistance they will receive from the Whigs of the Empire State.

The last paragraph:

"To say that the Whig, Taylor, 'no party' do monstration on Monday was a signal failure, would hardly convey a precisely correct idea of what it was. It was the most complete 'flash in the pan' and farce to boot we have yet seen. We saw no man who has heretofore been known as a democrat (except our neighbor Maupin, who used to be one) taking any part in its proceedings. It had dwindled down towards its conclusion, to a beggarly account of empty boxes; and we are very sure Mr. Chrisman was convinced in the end, that he had made a water haul with the net he had spread' for birds of every feath-

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.

The proceedings in Congress during the last week, have been void of interest. The Ten Regifered at public sale on Tuesday next, 1st Februaseem determined to oppose it at every step, and if ry, and continue from day to day until all be sold. We regard this as one of the most important sales that has taken place in our county for many years, and a chance for speculation is now offered that honor or the interest of the country, in the present but rarely occurs. It is universally conceded, emergency. Every obstacle will be presented, and that the water-power here offered is not surpassed every difficulty presented, to embarrass and crip- if equalled, any where in Virginia. As a site for ple the Administration in its prosecution of the war. Southern Whigs and Northern Abolition site that could be desired, and if men of capital and enterprise could but be attracted thither, a South Lowell must soon spring up.

The Trustees have laid out into Lots, from on half to five Acres, the larger portion of the land for the purpose of building up a town. Streets have been laid off, and we have no doubt the citi Representatives, during the last week, particular- zens of Harpers-Ferry alone, will soon build up a flourishing village. Those who may wish to examine the plat, or obtain any additional information, other than that put forth in the Advertisement in our paper, can do so, by calling on the a native of our own county, and we shall do Trustees, or James M. Brown, Esq., County Surveyor.

BEAUTIFUL PAINTINGS

We have heretofore failed to notice some pain ings by a gentleman of this town, which reflects the highest credit upon his taste and skill as an artist of superior merit. We do not profess quested to appoint Delegates thereto. Amongst to be connoisseurs in the art, yet we are as other duties which will claim the consideration of sured by those whose judgment we confide in, this Convention, the formation of an Electoral that the paintings referred to are beautiful speci mens, both in design and execution. They were gotten up and presented to the flourishing Order this matter, as upon the proper discharge of this of the Sons of Temperance in this town, and are perance on the one hand, and the blessings result ing from Temperance on the other There are four pieces, one pictures forth a family—the husband drunk-the wife and children in misery and rage, and humbly supplicating the head of their domestic circle to stay the hand and to give up the bowl. The 2d piece represents the three beautiful principles of the Order, " Love, Purity and Fidelity." The two last, represent Fountain of pure gushing water, where the weary and the oil-worn may at all times slaken their thirst, and go on their way again rejoicing.

These paintings are all hanging in the Hall of the Sons of Temperance, and we advise those of our citizens who take an interest in the works of Art, to call and examine them when opportunity

PROMOTION.

Lieut. McCormick, of Capt. Rowan's company Virginia Regiment of Volunteers, having resigned his office in consequence of ill health, Sergeant JOHN W. GALLAHER Was unanimously chose by the company to succeed him. Lt. Gallaher is a nephew of John S. Gallaher, Esq., Senator from the Frederick district. He had been an officer of tablishment, but had resigned his place. When the call for volunteers was made, he re-joined his company as a private-was appointed orderly sergeant, and has had severe camp service in Mex c). His promotion by the unanimous vote of his company, may well be appreciated as worth some

thing more than a mere holyday compliment. Lieut. McCormick leaves the service with the respectand affection of every one of his associates. having proved himself a true man in all thingsgenerous considerate, and brave .- Rich. Rep.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

The Advertisement of the " Exchange Hotel, Washington City, D. C., by Mr. MILTON McIL HANEY, formerly of Loudoun, will be found in another column. This is a new house, recently opened and fitted up in the best style, and has already become the headquarters of the Virginians who visit Washington. Several citizens of others who have been, assure us that it is the rery best Hotel in the City, for good order, good living, and true Virginia hospitality. We wish to its worthy host, Mr. McILHANEY a patronage commensurate with his deserts.

FINE BEEF.

which Mr. HAMLIN sends us this savory piece, were raised by Mr. ROBERT GATTON of this county, and reflect the highest credit upon his industry and attention as a grazer. There is no reason in the world why we should not raise as fine cattle in Jefferson county as anywhere else and our farmers are beginning to awaken to the

importance of the matter. Gen. Taylor declared he did not need or desire so many men, and sent them home again. We defended at the time the energetic measures of Gen. Gaines, but those who condemn every patriotic effort were so severe on him that a court martial was called to decide upon the amount of error he had committed. Before the court martial had committed. Before the court martial had sent the whole nation saw that he will be able to furnish them for two or three weeks yet, with beef of the same superior quality as the specimen sent us. Give him a trial by

We are pleased to learn that Mr. SMITE CRANE, of this county, who is now serving in Mexico as a private in the mounted Riflemen from Kentucky, has received the appointment of Lieutenant in the Regular Army-the Dragoon service, and in one of the Regiments now unde ommand of Gen. Worth, we are told. Crane was in all the battles, near the city of Mexico, and he behaved himself most gallantly For true courage, genuine philanthropy, high noble and general impulses, no man is more en titled to the respect of his countrymen, and the promotion of his government, than our friend and neighbor, SMITH CRANE.

We regret to learn that our good friend Mr. John M. Coyle, of Brucetown, Frederick county, had the misfortune to be robbed of his bocket book, in the Senate Gallery, Washington D. C., one day last week. His loss was some what considerable, the pocket book containing about \$200 in money, and about \$500 in notes and drafts. It was taken from the pocket of hi pantaloons, and though discovered immediately after it was done, no clue could be had which

would lead to its recovery. GT A meeting of the Democracy of Berkeley will be held on Monday, the 14th of February, be ing Court-day, at Bilmire's Hotel, at half past 2 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention to assemble in Rich-mond on the 28th; and also to adopt measures for the proper and thorough organization of the party.

Tr The Dinner to be given to Lieut. Colone RANDOLPH of the Virginia Regiment, by the citizens of Winchester, is to come off on to-mor row, 16th inst , at Paul's Union Hotel.

THE MARKETS.

The Baltimore Clipper of Saturday has the Cambria, on the markets of that city :

Cambria, on the markets of that city:

The foreign intelligence, received by the Cambria, although it has not produced any material advance, has, as will be seen from our reports of the markets, induced more firmness on the part of holders. The private advices, it is said, are cless favorable than the published accounts, and several orders for shipments have been received, at a slight reduction. Flour, in our market, under the news, has slightly advanced; wheat is held at higher figures, and corn has gone up 2 or 3 cents a bushel.

THE "LEONIDAS" LETTERS. Gen. Pillow has published a card in the "Ameri an Star," of the city of Mexico, denying all mowledge of the " Leonidas" letter or its author What will these Whig editors now say who have so freely abused Gen. Pillow, upon the assump-

SONGS FOR THE PEOPLE.

tion that he was the author of that famous let

This is the title of a beautiful monthly, the first number of which has just been issued from the press of G. B. Zieber & Co., Philadelphia. Every lover of music (and who is not.) will find this as interesting work and agreeable companion. The music in the present number comprises many pieces that are familiar to almost every American The embellishments are finely executed. Each number will contain forty-eight pages of Songs comprising words, music and engravings; and will be offered at the low price of twenty-five cts per number, (each number being complete in itself,) or \$3 per annum.

FAMILY SERVICE. The name of Col. HAMTRAMCK figures in the frontier wars of 1790, in the war of 1812, and in the present war with Mexico. The individuals bearing these names were father, son and grand sons. A more remarkable coincidence is in the three generations of the Cadwallader family

of Philadelphia -all Generals-in the Revolution ary struggle-the war of 1812, and the presen "PRAIRIE FARMER." This is the title of one among the best agricul tural works in the country, published at Chicago llinois by JOHN S. WRIGHT, at the low price one dollar per annum. Its editors are Messrs WRIGHT and J. AMBROSE WIGHT. Those who

may desire, even in this section, a valuable work

treating of agriculture, would do well to send one

dollar for the "Prairie Farmer." We are gratified to learn that the pects for building up a manufacturing town at Weverton, Md.. are of a bright and pleasing charfor erecting a cotton factory at that place under the name of the "Potomac Manufacturing Company." At a meeting of the Board of Directors. the company some years ago, under the peace es. enter into a contract at once for the erection of the factory building.

On the 11th inst, a new Division of the Sons of Temperance, was opened at Hedgesville, Berkeley County, by D. G. W. P. John Morehead, assisted by Geo. W. Swarts, W. P., and others of Martinsburg Division, when 26 persons were initiated.

IJ A newspaper publisher's customers are cattered far and wide, and he cannot knock at the door of each of them. If, therefore, they do not act kindly and considerately toward him, he mus often suffer. We know that we have many friends and well wishers; how many of them will take this intimation to lieart, and call upon us, or send their favors to us, during this month?

IT It will be seen by the following Card, that ne of the most respectable and highly esteemed gentleman of our county made a narrow escape our own county are now sojourning there, and others who have been assure us that it is in the county would be missed as much as JOHN YATES, Esq -Free Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12, 1848. Washington, Jan. 12, 1848.
Mesers. Gales & Seaton.—Be pleased to publish my grateful acknowledgments to Captair Rogers, of the steamboat Mount Vernon, to Mr. SMITH, his mate, and the crew, for their exer tions in saving my life on the night of the 3d in To the kindness of Mr. II. J. Hablin, of Har-pers-Ferry, are we indebted for a surloin of the most choice and delicious Beef. The cattle from drowned, but for the judicious orders of the cap-tain and the zealous efforts of Mr. Smith and the boatsmen. JOHN YATES, Of Jefferson County, Virginia.

Negro Man Lewis, who has been confined i Negro Man Lewis, who has been confined in our County Jail for some months past, charged with having set fire to the barn of Mr. John Wysong, near Shepherdstown, was brought to trial on Tuesday last, in the County Court. The following Magistrates composed the Court: Richard Duffield, Dr. John Quigley, Col. Braxton Davenport, Col. Thomas Hite, Samuel W. Lackland. After a careful examination of the testimony, which occupied the attention of the Court the entire day, and part of the night, the negro was acwhich occupied the attention of the Court the entire day, and part of the night, the negro was acquitted. We learn that four of the Magistrates were for his conviction, and one for his acquital, which saved his life, as the penalty for such an offence is death. Subsequently, ball in \$5,000 was exacted, to insure the good behaviour of the negro—or, in other words, to insure his removal out of the State. Prosecuting Counsel—Thos, Griggs, Wm. Lucas, Esqs. For the Prisoner—Andrew Hunter, and Richard H. Lee, Esqs.—Free Press.

D" " Snickersville Lodge," I. O. O. F., was opened on Saturday last, by P. G M. KELLY of this town, assisted by P. G. H. N. GALLAHER and P. G. J. B. SMALL of Wildey Lodge, and other distant Brethren. We shall publish a list of the new officers, &c., in our next.

MRS. GAINES .- Since the decision of the great case, this heroic little woman has become the lioness of Washington. Her apartments, Brown's, are crowded day and evening.

IT It is stated that Maj. W. S. S. Bliss, Gen. Taylor's distinguished Adjutant Gen. is on his way to Washington city.

BJ" Liberty Lodge, No. 60, I. O. O. F." was opened in Lovettesville, Loudoun county, on the 11th inst. by D G. M. ISHAEL ROBINSON. The Grand Division of the Sons of Tem

perance of Virginia, will meet at Alexandria, on the fourth Wednesday of this month. Supper Death -- We learn from the Boonsboro' Odd-Fellow, that a young man named Ben-

choff, residing near Smithaburg, in that county, died suddenly on the 12th inst. He had been at tending school, and was out playing at ball, when, shortly after entering the school-room, he expired,

We'understand that an honorable discharge has been made out by the War Department at Washington, for Master Charles M. Thompson, who volunteered in Capt. Rowan's Company, and now at Saltillo, in Mexico.

AS CLEAR AS MUD.

We publish below (says the Richmond Enquir-er,) two letters from Gen. Taylor, written on the same day, in reply to Whig and Democratic Presidential nominations respectively. The first is in reply to a nomination by the Whige of Greene county, Pennsylvania, and is as follows:

Headquarters, Army or Occuration, Brazos Island, Texas, Nov. 25, 1847.

Dear Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 8th October, conveying to me a copy of the proceedings of a meeting of my Whig friends at Waynesburg, Pennsylvania.

sylvahia.

I have read the resolutions adopted by the meeting with great pride and pleasure, and I beg you to convey to the members of the meeting, on a suitable occasion, my thanks for the distinguished honor they have so flatteringly bestowed upon me, and my assurance that I have no wish or intention of changing the position in which I stand towards the people of the country in relation to the Presidency, or the course which I have felt it my

duty to pursue.

I remain, dear sir, with the highest respect,
Your most obedient servant,
Z. TAYLOR,
Maj. Gen. U. S. Army,
Uninclean Pa.

Hon. ANDREW STEWART, Uniontown, Pa. We follow it up with the old General's repi a Democratic nomination in the same State: HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF OCCUPATION,)

Brazos Island, Texas, Nov. 25, 1847.
Dear Sir: I take great pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of your favor of the 9th October, enclosing to me a copy of the proceedings of the Democratic Taylor State Convention, which assembled at Harrisburg, Pa.

The resolutions of the meeting have given me great pleasure and satisfaction, as the expression of high respect and consideration from the people of Pennsylvania; and I embrace the earliest moment to acknowledge my varm appreciation of the Brazos Island, Texas, Nov. 25, 1847.

of Pennsylvania; and I embrace the earliest moment to acknowledge my varm appreciation of the high honor thus bestowed upon me by their nomination of me for the Presidency.

To yourself, I would not fail to express my thankfulness for the very courteous and acceptable manner in which you have conveyed to me the proceedings of the Convention. I remain, dear sir, with high respect,

Your most obedient servant,

Z. TAYLOR, Major Gen. U. S. Army. HENRY A. MUHLENBERG, Esq., President Tay

or State Convention, Reading, Pennsylvania. This last letter has been assailed by some o the Whig press as smacking too much of "Loco-Indeed, if the first letter were not focoism." known to be in existence, the last might be interpreted, without much violence of construction, as almost an acceptance of the Democratic nomina tion for the President. In one respect it is strong er than the reply to the Whig letter. It is no qualified by any reference to his " position."

We make no comments upon these develope-ments of the old General's position as to the two acter. A Company has been recently organized great parties in the country. If the Whigs are satisfied that he is a "Henry Clay Whig"-if with the bitter fruits of "Tylerism" before their eyes they are willing to sacrifice the great " preferred' at Chesnut Hill, Pa., it was determined upon to Henry Clay, and, blindfold, to encounter the risks of being "Taylorized," so be it. We see enough to satisfy us that the Democratic party are not to be seduced into the support of a man who carefully conceals his opinions and whose letters may be made to mean any thing or nothing. The Whigs, conscious that their principles (7) are repudiated by the people, look to availibility as the only means of gaining " the spoils." The Demo crats, on the contrary, convinced that the popula sentiment is in favor of their policy, rely upon the moral force of their position, and will sustain no man, unless they know him to be sound on all the

great questions. The Whigs may succeed in making General Taylor the Whig candidate, but it cannot be denied, that a very strong section of their party at the North shrinks back from this new form of "Tylerism," and will have nothing to do with the "dipthong" "no-party" party. The New York Courier (Taylor Whig) recommends that a meeting of all parties be held in the Park on the 22d February, to nominate Gen. Taylor as a Whig candidate for the Presidency. The silly trick cannot succeed. Will Democrats unite with Whigs to nominate a Whig candidate? The N. York Mirror (Free Trade Taylor) approves of the call " most heartily," but adds:

Whereupon the New York Express, a " rearguard Whig," speaks out in the following sneering and bitterly sarcastic tone :

"'Spontaneous combustion' once

"Eye of new and too of frog.
"Dougle of cat, and wool of dog.
Mingle, mingle, mingle—ye that mingle MAY!"
We have yet to see, in this country, the experi ment tried of electing a tongue-tied spotted camel leopard candidate for the Presidency!

"A majority of the House of Representatives have recorded their vote to stand forever, while truth dwells on
earth, that this war was unnecessarily and unconstitutionally commenced. James K. Polk swore to support
the Constitution of the United States. A majority of the
people, through their representatives, chosen to give expression to their opinions, and chosen—every one of them
—while this war was in the zenith of its glory, have this
day declared James K. Polk a PURJURER. Of course the
worshippers of tyrants will take sides with these tyrants
at whose will their corrupting offices are held, against
the people and their representatives."

Thus sneaks the Washington Whig correspon-

Thus speaks the Washington Whig correspon pondent of the New York Tribune. It is a fair specimen of the "decency" of the anti-war organs. Yet, after all this parade, the Whig majority in the House of Representatives have not the courage to move an impeachment, which, if the President be guilty as they assert, should at once be brought to bear upon him. They talk most loudly, but when the time arrives to act, they shrink from public indignation, and confess themselves too timid to complete the work. A fine commentary upon Whig professions and practices!

SANTA ANNA'S ENTRANCE INTO MEXICO .- The President, in his message to the House of Representatives, on Thursday, with reference to the admission of Santa Anna into Mexico, says:

admission of Santa Anna into Mexico, says:

For further information relating to the return of Santa Anna to Mexico, I refer you to my annual message of December 8th, 1846. The facts and considerations stated in that message induced the order of the Secretary of the Navy to the commander of our squadron in the Guif of Mexico, a copy of which is herewith communicated. This order was issued simultaneously with the order to blockade the coast of Mexico, both bearing date the 18th of May, 1846, the day on which the existence of the war with Mexico was recognized by Congress. It was issued solely upon the views of policy presented in that message, and without any understanding on the subject, with Santa Anna or any other person.

ELECTED U. S. SENATOR .- The Hon. Jefferon Davis, recently appointed by the Governor of Mississippi, as a Senator in Congress, to fill the unexpired term of the late Gen. Speight, has just been elected to that station by the Legislature, almost by acclamation.

WHIG CONVENTION.

The Taylor Whigs, as we predicted a short time since, will have to surrender their great band of Union, and submit their case at last to the dictation of a National Convention. The Richmond Whig, the leading organ of the party in Virginia, will give no quarters to the Taylor men, except they submit their claims to a National Convention. It introduces some articles on this same subject, by the following prefatory remarks:-

"These extracts, we cannot but hope will com-mend themselves to the favorable consideration of the 'nolens volens' friends of Gen. Taylor, not of the 'notens votens' friends of Gen. Taylor, not only in Virginia, but in States farther South. If, indeed, the friends of Gen. Taylor in those States desire either the nomination of their favorite, or his success, they will not fail to be represented in the National Convention—which, by the way, will assemble whother they choose to send delegates or not."

In the same strain writes the Washington cor respondent of the New York Express. He

"The public mind here is deeply agitated upon the Presidential question. Somethere are, among the Whigs, but not many I think, who would agree and prefer to support General Taylor without a Whig National Convention, but there are no Whigs of this sort from the free States, and many of these will not support Gen. Taylor at all, unless clearly satisfied that he is a Whig. If Gen. Taylor's Whig friends do not choose to come into a Convention, and the friends of other candidates are sent there, (and many such have already been chosen.) the effect must be a bestowment of preferences upon some other man, or, in other words a defeat of Gen. Taylor, both in and out of the Convention. The Loco Focos are looking earnestly for the consummation of some such plan as this, and I pray earnestly that they may be disappointed."

The New York Tribune, (devoted to Mr. Clay,) does not like the idea of running Gen. Taylor at all, Convention or no Convention. It thus mur-

murs at the disposition:

Yet we have been inclined to believe that Gen Taylor is, after some sort, a Whig, though less es-sentially and unequivocally so than John Tyler was in 1839-'40. What we object to is the newas in 1839-40. What we object to is the necesity forced upon us by those who are jockeying him for the presidential race, of taking the vaguest general assurances that he is a Whig—that he opposed the annexation of Texas, and would have voted for Mr Clay in 1844—in place of definite and unequivocal statements of his views with regard to the great economic and legislative questions which have divided, and must continue to divide the country. divide, the country.

OUR USURY LAWS

Gov. Smith, in his late Message, recommends a repeal of the usury laws of our State, upon the ground that they are immoral in their tendency and injurious to the business interest of society He says," Laws cannot prevent dealings in usury as is attested by universal experience. The needy will borrow; the usurious will lend; and the certain effects of pains and penalties to such transactions, are to swell the premium paid by the borrower, and to tempt him to become a dishonest man. Why should a price be fixed by law on money? It is property, precisely as is a bale of cotton or a hogshead of sugar, and fluctu-

ates as they do in value."

The New York Globe presents these views of Gov. Smith as expressive of its own, and

"The present time seems to us to be a very proper one to allude to this important subject. No business man is ignorant of the lact, that in times of panic and pressure the laws relating to usury are violated with impunity. One, two, and even three per cent. a month, is paid for the use of money, on good paper. There may be some capitalists who have conscientious scruples, who will refuse to loan at a higher rate of interest than the law prescribes. But meney being worth more, they do not come into the market as lenders, but contrive to invest some other way. In this way a tight money market becomes still tighter, and the less conscientious capitalists monopolize the market, and dictate their own terms. That there are many conscientious men who oppose any relaxation in the the usury laws, we admit; we think, however, they act upon mistaken views of the effects that would follow a removal of the restrictions. In times of panic the "The present time seems to us to be a very pr taken views of the effects that would follow a removal of the restrictions. In times of panic the banks cannot loan directly at a higher rate than the law permits; yet in order to make large dividends, they resort to underhand practices. Heartless individuals are the only ones who profit by the usury laws. The laws tend to increase the profits of the mercenary shaver, who is the most delighted when the panic is the highest. Some turn philosophers, and reason in this way—
'things not wrong in themselves, but which are only made so by human enactments, involving no moral turpitude, may be practised without in-"If it is to be a general meeting, nothing should be said about the Whigs or any other party, which will tend to give a partizan complexion."

"If it is to be a general meeting, nothing should curring guilt.' Thus we see that the usur laws are productive of evil, and their tendence is not only to extertion but to extention but to

is not only to extortion, but to a corruption of the morals of a people. The conclusion to which we have arrived is, that money, like everything else, should be regulated by demand and supply. At times it may be worth four per cent. per an-num, and may be had in abundance at that rate, and at other times it may be worth fee or twelve num, and may be man a summan, and at other times it may be worth ten or twelve per cent. If its value thus fluctuates, why should there be a fixed rate of seven, or any other per

MR. CLAY'S SPEECH IN MEXICO.—The Lexing-ton speech of Mr. Clay has been extensively cir-culated throughout Mexico, and has created quite a lively sensation among the Mexicans. They, we are informed, do not disguise their hopes, that the predominance of the Whig party in this country, will result in the withdrawal of our troops from Mexico.—Delta.

We will not comment upon the above most

we will not comment upon the above most pregnant item of news; we are not partizan enough to dwell with any pleasure on the reflections it would justify. If there is a single Whig who can read it without feeling his cheek tingle with shame that the patriot of old whom his party once almost worshipped has now become the aid and comforter of our country's enemies, then he is a "Mexican Whig" indeed.—Vicksburg Senting!

The Washington Correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, says in relation to the Southern Mail Route, which has occupied so much of the time of the House of Representatives :-

The Postmaster General has signally tri-umphed in his demele with the Richmond rail-road company, and Mr. Botts has again been "headed." The company has been non-suited, and will hardly ask for another trial. So we and will hardly ask for another trial. So we shall have some competition on the route, and a good and cheap mail line, in the course of the year. Meanwhile the Bay line is doing all that can be expected of it, with every prospect of doing better on the approach of Spring.

The difficulty between Gen. Kearny and Col. Benton forms the most exciting topic of the day, but is, too serious to be discussed in a newspaper. I trust the friends of both gentlemen will do their best to prevent a fight, but am prepared for the worst.

for the worst.

Some Northern papers speak of defalcations in the Post-office Department, to the amount of \$25,000.—There is no such defalcating cattle in the department, and no post-office in the country, except that of New York, with such large amounts of money from receipts or deposits Postmaster Morris has settled his account up to the lat of January. When a new discovery is made, let it at least be possible.

The following gentlemen have been elected and appointed Directors for the Branch of the Farmers' Bank at Winchester, for 1848: by the Stockholders—Meesrs. Ro. L. Baker, Philip Williams, George F. Washington, Thos. B. Campbell. By the Governor: John Bruce, Hugh McGuire, Frederick Shultz.

THE SHENANDOAH BILL PASSED.

To the Editor of the Spirit of Jefferson: RICHMOND, Jan. 20, 1848.

To the Editor of the Spirit of Jrsterson:

RICHMOND, Jan. 20, 1848.

Dear Sir:—As your paper will appear on Tuesday, I have thought it proper to announce to you, for the information of the large number of persons intercated in the subject, that the bill appropriating Two Hundred Thousand Dollars to the New Shenandoah Company, (on the three-fifths principle,) was this day passed by the Senate, after support by Mesars. Gallaher and Barbee, and the adoption of several amendments.

It was so amended as to conform to a general principle adopted by the Senate a few days since, requiring that three-fourths of the private stock should be taken, before the Board of Public Works should be required to subscribe any thing. This will require a subscription of new stock to the amount of One Hundred and Eighty-six Thousand Dollars. With the spirit evinced by the people along the line last summer, it seems to me this amount will be readily taken, if the result of Mr. Fisk's survey should be favorable.

Mr. Woods of Franklin, made en ineffectual effort to strike out the section providing for a survey, and Mr. Woolfolk made a like effort to have a survey for a Railroad.

The vote stood as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Woods, Thompson, Tyler, Kinney, Barbee, Carlisle, Bondurant, Gallaher, Johnston, Caperton, Dennis, Witcher, Deneale, Kane, Crump, McCauley, and Pariott—17.

Noes—Messrs. Cox. (Speaker.) Trible, Baptist, Daniel, Garrett, Woolfolk, Smith, Sloan, Harwood, and Ambler—10.

I suppose the Board of Works will promptly make the appointment of Engineer so that the survey can be made at the earliest possible moment.

I am now speaking in the confidence that the House of Delegates will concur in the Senate's amendments.

I am now speaking in the confidence that the House of Delegates will concur in the Senate's amendments.

I EGISLATIWE SUAMARDY.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

In the Senate, on Tuesday, Jad. 18, a bill to incorporate the Odd Fellows Lodge at Luray, met with strong opposition from Messra. Woods and Witcher, who thought it time to resist any further incorporations of the sort. It was supported by Messra Barbee and Gallaher, who argued that the objects of the act were specifically stated, and limited the number of acres of land to be held at five, and the amount of money not to exceed \$5000. These amounts for benevolent purposes, could not possibly lead to evil.

The bill incorporating the Good Samaritan Division. No. 24, of the Sons of Temperance, of Frederick County, was also passed.

Mr. Gallaher presented a remonstrance of citizens of Charlestown, against the bill releasing the Smithfield, Charlestown and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike Company, from keeping that part of said road in repair which runs through the Main street of said town. Also, the reply of John Yates, Esq., President of said Company, to the allegations of said remonstrance.

President of said Company, to the allegations of said remonstrance.

A number of private bills were passed—among them one authorizing Charity Lodge at Harpera-Ferry to hold a certain amount of real and personalestate.

On motion of Mr. Gallaher, the bill reviving the act to incorporate the Winchester and Berry's Ferry Turnpike Company, was reconsidered and a correction made so as to subscribe \$10,000 instead of 6,000—making the whole capital stock \$25,000. The bill was then passed.

In the Senate on Wednesday, the Small Note Bill was taken up, and after some debate, the whole subject was laid on the table to be taken up again this day week.

In the House a number of bills were passed, not of much general importance, except the one ap-

In the House a number of bills were passed, not of much general importance, except the one appropriating ten thousand dollars to build bridges on the Staunton and Parkersburg Road.

Mr. Sheffey, from the select committee on the subject of Re-apportionment, reported a resolution asking that the committee be discharged from the further consideration of the subject, there being no hope of any agreement as to the rule of apportionment.

Whereupon, Mr. Stewart of Berkeley, offered a resolution, proposing to report a bill for the call of a Convention to amend the State Constitution.—
This by agreement was laid on the table for the present, to be called up at an early day, after the auggestion by Mr. Price, that some consultation should be had among members friendly to the object.

ject.
The principle subject of debate was a bill for the relief of the Fauquier and Alexandria Turnpike Company, supported by Mr. Scott of Fauquier and opposed by Mr. Price.
In the Senate, on Thursday, the bill increasing the capital stock of the New Shenandoah Company, and subscribing two-fifths of the stock, (\$200,000.) was passed, after amendments were made, and support by Mr. Gallaber and Barbee.

Messre. Witcher, Woods, and Woolfolk, made

Messrs. Witcher, woods, and Wooholk, made remarks upon incidental propositions; and the vote upon the passage of the bill was 17 to 10.

In the House the principal topic was the bill for the relief of the Fauquier and Alexandria Turnpike Company. The bill was rejected by a majority of nine, but its friends are yet sanguine of success. Messrs. Witcher, Woods, and Woolfolk, made

COURTS OF INQUIRY ORDERED ON GENERALS PILLOW, SCOTT, AND COL. DUNCAN.—We see it reported that the President has ordered a court of inquiry for the purpose of investigating the charges against Gen. Pillow and Col. Duncan, which have been preferred by Gen. Scott. After that investigation has terminated, the court is further directed, to inquire into the charges preferred against Gen. Scott by Gen. Worth. The charges against Gen. Worth, submitted by the commanding general, have been dismissed by the President. The court is directed to assemble at Perote, at as early a day as the members can convene. It is to consist of Gen. Towson, Paymaster General, as President, and Gen. Cushing and Gen. Butler, of Louisiana. Gen. Towson will start for Mexico on Monday. The command of the army in Mexico will necessarily devolve on Gen. Batler, of Kentucky, he being the officer next in rank to Gen. Scott, whose presence will be required at the court of inquiry.

Prospects of Peace.—The news from Mexi-COURTS OF INQUIRY ORDERED ON GENERALS

PROSPECTS OF PEACE .- The news from Mexi-PROSPECTS OF PEACE.—The news from Mexico, received by the steamer Virginia a few days ago, is certainly of great interest, as indicating that peace may yet be concluded. The Delta has letters from their excellent correspondent, Mustang, from the city of Mexico, down to the 27th ult. In his last letter of that date, he expresses his belief that peace will be concluded sometime in January, if the United States is willing to treat on the basis of the propositions made during the late armistice. The Mexican Congress, he says, will have a quorum at Queratero by the 5th January, and are, with the exception of the Deputies from San Luis de Potosi and Jalisco, all in favor of peace, and that speedy.—Balt. Clip.

BREADSTUFFS IN ENGLAND.—The N. Y. Express, remarking on the Cambria's news, which is generally esteemed quite favorable, says:—
"Although breadstuffs are comparatively low to what they were, we maintain that they are high enough: At the last quoted price, flour may be shipped here at six dollars, or a shade under, and corn from sixty to seventy cepts. We can well afford to ship these articles, even at a less rate."

Among the late confirmations by the Senate we see those of Edmund Christian and James Points, U. S. Marshals for Eastern and Western Virginia, respectively.

A meeting has been held at Harrisburg, Pa., composed of near all the Whig members of the Legislature of that State, which nominated Gen. Scott for the Presidency.

Nor Declined.—The N. Y. Tribune insists that Mr. Clay has not declined being the Whig candidate for the Presidency.

State Senate.

The Chair appointed the following gentlemen said committee, viz:—John H. Strider, Wm. H. Moure, A.M.Bail, Col. H. Ward & Solomon Trail, whoreported the following gentemen as delegates to said Convention, which were unanimously adopted by the meeting, viz:—Wm. J. Stephens, J. B. Young, A. M. Bail, Thos. K. Laley, Joseph Strider, Geo. Mauzy, George E. Moore, Col. H. Ward, John Stahl, F. J. Conrad and P. O. Little-john.

john.
On motion, the Chairman and Secretary were added to the list.
On motion of A. M. Bail, the Chair appointed a committee of five to draft a preamble and resolutions for the consideration of this meeting.—Said committee consisted as follows:—A. M. Ball, John H. Strider, Wm. J. Stephens, William H. Moore and George Dogan, who reported, through John H. Strider, the following deeply impressed with

Moore and George Dugan, who reported, through John H. Strider, the following:

WHEREAS, This meeting being deeply impressed with the agntation of public affairs at the present time, deem it an imperative duty upon the Democracy of the Union to come out in their primitive patriotism, and adopt all innorable means in arresting the firebrands of Northern Fanaticism, which more than any foreign war, threatens of discinting which more than any foreign war, threatens of discinting out domestic peace: And whereas, war to see a mational calamity, the consequences of which are natural sympathies would sue us to regret, yet we annot withhold our unsaimous approbation of the justice, and our unfeigned admiration of the skill and ability with which the Administration has procecuted the present existing war with Mexico—therefore,
RESOLVED, That we do most sincerely deprecate the course of the Whig party in their open declamation gainst their country, thereby perpetuating a war against cluded Mexico, who is pampered with Whig mutny. RESOLVED, That nowthistanding the Whig party have one off in bitter opposition and wanton denunciations gainst the Administration, yet that indominable spirit of Amocracy, James K. Polk, (inflexible at Whig cannonaing,) stands evidencing by his stoic firmness and dignised bearing, the true patriot and statesman.
RESOLVED, That we do conceive, in the act of the Whig party, in bringing out Gen. Taylor as a candidate of the Presidency, and ascrificing that Embodiment of Vingery, (Henry Clay,) one of those wifes for which hat party is so characteristic, and which should warn be American people against their accession to power.
RESOLVED, That whilst we, in common with all the merican people to against their accession to power.
RESOLVED, That whilst we, in common with all the merican people against the deviation of one one equation of the will are diseased to the calination of the calination of the presidential Clair.
RESOLVED, That we would consider the elevation of a lilitary Christin free! from the

idential Chair.

RESOLVED, That we would consider the elevation of Gen. Taylor to the Presidential Chair a precedent, en alling upon our nation one of those dire evils that would ventually sap the foundation of our civil liberties and five an impetus to the spread of military power, which has proven to have been the fatal arbiter of all former

has proven to have been the fatal arbiter of all former Republics.

Republics.

Resolved, That in the election of Gen. Jackson to the Presidency, we embraced the segacious Statesman and voluntary Patriot, whilst in Gen. Taylor, we would have but a mute politician, whose political convictions would too ardenly rely, from the nature of their tuition, upon the "military arm" as their capounder.

Resolved, That we highly approve of the wise and patriotic policy of the present Administration, as carried out through her several departments, and especially in regard to the proffer of peace with Mexico, in claiming retribution for the past and security for the future.

During the recess of the Committee Mr. Keenan. of Winchester, who being present, was called to the floor, and in a few brief and appropriate remarks, summed up the causes of our Senatorial defeat in 1844, and rebuked the Democracy of Jefferson for their want of due attachment to their party.

Jefferson for their want of due attachment to their party.

After the preamble and resolutions were adopted, A. M. Ball, Esq., arose and addressed the meeting at some length in his happy and eloquent style, invoking in his thundering tone, those slumbering spirits of Democracy to arise and inspire us with that patriotism of old that would induce us to stand by our country first, last, and all the time; and forcibly contrasted the present with the past, which would have stamped the present conspicuous Whig actors in our Legislative Halls with high treason.

After which, on motion, the Chair appointed a committee of gentlemen, viz:—J. B. Young, Wm. J. Rily, J. E. P. Dangerfield, Samuel Shoebridge and Harrison Cloe, to select five suitable persons as Delegates to a County Convention, to be held in the Court-house in Charlestown at March Court, to nominate candidates to represent this county in the next Legislature of Virginia.

The committee reported the following persons as delegates to said Convention, who were unanimously elected by this meeting, viz:—Wm. H. Turk, Samuel Shoebridge, John H. Strider, Wm. Smallwood and John G. Wilson.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

JOHN G. WILSON, Ch'n. JOHN H. STRIDER, Sec'y.

MEETING AT SHEPHERDSTOWN. In pursuance of public notice, a Democratic meeting was held at the Hotel of Joseph Entler, in Shepherdstown, on Saturday the 22d of Janu-

on motion of Jacob Morgan, Esq., Minor Hussr was called to the Chair, and John T. Lit-

Hussr was called to the Chair, and John T. Little appointed Secretary.

The meeting being organized, on motion of G. D. McGlinsey, a committee of four was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of this meeting, and to appoint Delegates to the District Convention to be held at Winchester, on the 1st of February next. The Chair then appointed G. D. McGlinsey, Dr. I. S. Tanner, John Lucas and George Harn, said committee, who having retired for a short time, reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:—

RESOLVED, That this meeting approves of the holding of a Convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent this District in the next Senate of Virginia; and that as the town of Winelester, and first day of February have been suggested as the place and time fee holding and Conventions.

of February have been suggested as the place and time for holding said Convention, we heartly concur in the same.

RESOLVED, That Jacob Morgan, Minor Hurst, Dr. Robert A. Lucas, Wm. Rightstine, J. T. Little, Dr. Israe S. Tanner, Cato M. Entler, John Wysong, Col. R. Lucas, John Lucas, George Harn, G. M. Bast and G. D. McGilinsey, be and are hereby appointed Delegates to represent this precinct in said Convention.

RESOLVED, That it is highly important at this particular crisis, that the Democratic party of this Senatorial District should be united as one man; therefore, we hereby instruct our Delegates to the said Convention, to exert themselves to conciliate and harmonize the party.

RESOLVED, That although we hereby pledge curselves to support any sterling Democrat who may be the choice of said Convention we would respectfully suggest to our Delegates the propriety of presenting the name of our fellow-chitzen Hierork L. Oriz of Jefferson, as the candidate of the party, Mr. Oriz is a gentleman avery way qualified to discharge the duties of the office, and one who has been identified with the Democratic party from his youth up—one whose every energy has been devoted to the cause of Democracry and truth. With such a champion we firmly believe success must crown our efforts.

RESOLVED, That in the event of there being an Electoral or Congressional Convention held in this District, this meeting protests against the right of the Chairman of the county meeting held in Gharlestown on Monday last, to appoint Delegates to represent this precinct in make its own appointments, and in pursuance of this resolution.

RESOLVED, That Dr. R. Parran, John Wysong, Minor Resolved.

RESOLVED, That Dr.R. Parran, John Wysong, Minor Hurst, S. Billmyer, Samuel Knott, Jacob Morgan, Dr. R. A. Lucas, Wm. G. Butler, and Col. R. Lucas, be and are appointed Delegates to represent this precinct, in such Electoral or Congressional District Convention, if it should be deemed expedient or advisable to hold

and abandoned in principles as to eacrifice the true has one of their country, and the rights and privileges of a many of their fellow-men, at the shrine of a politica creed and for the paltry consideration of party purposes RESOLVED. That the thanks of this meeting be given to the Chairman and Secretary, for the ability with which they have discharged the duties assigned them. RESOLVED, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in the Spirit of Jefferson.

ARRIVAL OF the STEAMER CAMBRIA. Twelve days later from Europe.

Parliament adjourned—More Failures—Money market easier—Reduction in rates of interest— Breadstuffs advanced—Cotton firmer—Rice improted, de.

The royal mail steamer Cambria arrived in N. York Wednesday afternoon, late. She sailed from Liverpool on the lat inst., and therefore, brings 13 days' later news than we had by the Caledonia. Parliament adjourned during the holydays .-

Parliament adjourned during the holydays.—
The general news is of not much importance.
The money market was considered easier, tho'
there have been more heavy failures. The Bank
of England has now in her vaults twelve and a
quarter millions of bullion, and has reduced her
rate of interest to 5 per cent.
Among the failures mentioned are the Messrs.
Sands, of Liverpool; also Messrs. Coleworth, Pryor, and Powell, and Messrs. Durand and McKenzie.

FLOUR.—In Liverpool there was some fluctua.

Prices had declined af tion in the flour market. Prices had declined after the departure of the Caledonia, and again rallied, and at the sailing of the Cambria fully regained previous quotations, with an advance of fully one shilling on finer sorts.

The quotations of breadstuffs by the Caledonia were as follows; and they are now sustained,

with a slight improvement:	Dec. 18
间域解析 特别的复数特别	s. d. s. d:
American wheat,	7 6 a 8 6
Indian corn.	33 0a35 9
Indian meal,	14 0a15 6
American flour,	28 0a29 6
The general aspect of the	market was more fa-

vorable. Indian corn has slightly advanced; wheat has also improved from two to three shil-lings per 70 lbs., and corn one to two shillings per 480 lbs. or quarter. Corn meal 16 shillings per barrel.

Corrow.—The Liverpool cotton market exhibited an improvement. The stock on hand is comparatively light, and the quality not good. The quotations by the Caledonia are fully sustained. Carolina rice sold at 25s. to 25, 6d., which is an The provision market exhibited no special

There was a fair demand for pickled neats.

No general political news of striking moment.

The mail which leaves Philadelphia at 4 o'clock
his afternoon will furnish you with full particu-

LATER FROM MEXICO.

Further Rumors of Peace—Departure of Col.
Miles for the Capitol—Movement of Santa
Anna—Assembling of the new Congress—Engagement with Guerilleros—American Prisoners Restored.
We find in the Washington Union, the following intelligence from Maxico, received at N. Co-

ng intelligance from Mexico, received at N. Or-eans on the 14th inst: There had been several arrivals in the river from Vera Cruz, the latest of which was the steam-ship Virginia, which left Vera Cruz on the 4th inst., touching at Tampico. The most important intelligence she bringe are indefinite but current rumors from the capitol, to the effect that secret negotiations were on foot, which are said to give

romise of peace. The brig Rupert, loaded with lumber for the

government, was totally lost on the bar of Tam-pico, on the 1st inst.

Despatches were received at Vera Cruz on the night of the 31st, by a courier from Mr. Doyle, the British charge. They were immediately despatch-ed to New Orleans by the brig of war Daring.— Of the nature of these despatches polylog conting. ed to New Orleans by the brig-of-war Daring.—
Of the nature of these despatches nothing positive
was known; but, from their being sent by a vessel of war, instead of awaiting the steamer, an
opinion was entertained that they related to negotiations for peace.
Col. Miles, with a force of 1,500 strong left
Vera Cruz on the 2d inst., for the capitol. Gen.
Marshall was still at Jalapa, waiting the arrival
of Miller's train.

of Miller's train.
On the 20th ult. John Reynolds, of the 8th Infantry, was hung for murdering a Mexican wo-

Resolved. That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Democratic papers of the District.

A letter from Queretaro states that the govern-ment was doing all in its power to get the new Congress together; and it was believed that it would assemble by the middle of January.

Advices from Mazatlan are down to the thir-

Advices from Mazatlan are down to the thirtisth. The guerilleros under Mijares made an attack upon the Cape, but were completely routed, and Mijares and many other Mexicans killed.

On the night of the 21st, an expedition was sent to Gholula, to apprehend some Mexican officers. A skirmish took place, in which three Mexicans were killed and three wounded.

Some American prisoners, who had been taken by the Mexicans at various times were and from the Mexicans at various times.

Some American prisoners, who had been taken by the Mexicans at various times, were sent from Zacatlan by Izunsea, the Mexican governor of the State of Puebls. Izunsea asked an exchange for Col. Pavon; and if that was inadmissible, for an equal number of Mexicana; or if neither of these propositions could be acceded to, then for the American governor to accept them as voluntarily restored. Col. Childs replied that he could not comply with either proposition; that the Mexicans were already indebted to our army for a large number of prisoners liberated; but thanked Mexicans were already indebted to our army for a large number of prisoners liberated; but thanked the Governor for his kindness to the prisoners thus voluntarily restored, and declared he would take pleasure in emulating his kindness towards those Mexicans whom the fortune of war might place n his custody.

The water was to have been let in the Canal on yesterday, and boats will then be able to ply on the entire line between Harpers-Ferry and Alexandria. The break on the upper part of the Canal cannot be repaired before the latter part of the next month.

RAILBOAD ACCIDENT .- The Cumberland Ci-RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The Cumberland Civilian says that the passenger cars for Baltimore ran over a horse about two miles from Cumberland, on Tuesday morning last, throwing the entire train, except the Post-Office car, off the track, and causing one of the cars to upset at right angles to the track. The damage to the running gear, track, &c., was considerable, but fortunately no serious injury was sustained by any of the passengers.

The Cumberland Civilian says that the work on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal is at length fairly under way. Hards are abundant on the entire line.

New Counterfeir .- We were shown yester-NEW COUNTERFEIT.—We were shown yesterday a new counterfeit, purporting to be \$5 on the "Washington County Bank," at Williamsport, Md. It was dated March 4, 1845, letter A. No. 1405, and signed J. Van Lear, Cashier, and J. R. Dall, President. The correct signature of the Cashier is J. Van Lear, jr. The paper is very thin, but yet they are calculated to deceive the incautious.—Batt. Clipper.

BURRY TO DEATH.—A daughter of E. Wolfe, of Williamsport, Md. aged 5 years, and a child of Mr. Pritchard, living near Elkton, were burned to death last week by their clothea taking fire.

Greale by THOS. M. FLINT, Charlestown, HENRY S. FORREY, Shepherdstown, and JOS. G. HAYS. Harpers-Ferry.

And by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

WASHINGTON CIRCUIT COURT.—This Court having adjourned at their former sitting until the third Monday in January, met again on Monday, and adjourned on Tuesday until the March term.

Col. Thos. M. BONDURANT has disposed of his interest in the "Richmond Whig" to ALEXANDER MOSELEY, Esq., and the proprietors of that Journal now are W. M. ELLIOT, RICHARD H. TOLER nal now are W. M. Ellior, Rand A. Moseley, Esqs.

The Matamoras Flag notes the fact that large numbers of Mexicans families of means and re-spectability are forming settlements on the east side of the Rio Grande. They are doing this be-cause they wish to live under the Government of the United States, and are satisfied that the Rio Grande will be the boundary.

GRAND BIRTH-NIGHT BALL.-We learn GRAND BIRTI-NIGHT BALL.—We learn from the National Intelligencer, that the Board of Managers of the National Washington Monument Society, besides the expectation of being able to lay the corner stone of the Monument on the 22d of February, propose to get up a Grand Birth-Night Ball, the proceeds of which are to be given to the funds for the erection of the Monument.

Loss or The Charlemann.—Ship Tennessee ashore.—The British schooner Theresa Jane, Capt. Gardiner, arrived at New Orleans on the 12th inst., in ten days from Nassau, N. P., bringing 20 passengers of the ship Charlmagne, Capt. Packard, from New York for that Port. The Charlmagne was wrecked on the 18th December, near Spanish Wells, 54 miles N. E. by Nassau—ship a total loss; the principal part of the cargo saved, in a damaged state and sold for the benefit of the underwriters. No lives lost.

WHAT OTHERS SAY.—The Taylor meeting in Philadelphia, says the N. Y. Globe, on Saturday evening, was a new effort to revive the plumbering, dreary embers of Nativism. Nothing more. Pity that so good and brave a man as Gen. Taylor should thus be handled by mere political hacks.

[Philadelphia Times.]

Virginia.—There are in Western Virginia eighty thousand free white persons over and above the free white population of Eastern Virginia.

STATE DEBTS .- The different States of the STATE DEBTS.—The different States of the Union which are in debt, amounting, in the agregate, to considerably over two hundred milions of dollars, are now, we believe, all paying the interest, in full or in part, on their respective debts, except the following, whose debts in 1844 were about as annexed, viz: Mississippi, \$7,000,000; Arkansas, \$3,500,000; Florida, \$3,850,000; Texas \$11,000,000. Total, \$26,950,000.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKETported weekly for the "Spirit of Jefferson," by WAL, TER & Co., Flour and Commission Merchants and General Produce Dealers, Baltimore.

General Produce Dealers, Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Saturday morning.
January 22, 1348.

JAS. W. BELLER, Esq., Dear Sir:—We have but few changes to note in our quotations of Produce for the past week. Howard Street Flour has been in moderate demand during the week, at the uniform price of \$5.878 per bbl., with sales to the extent of 4,000 barrels. The news by steamer Cambria, on Thursday last. 11 days later from England, produced no excitement or change in prices of any article of produce except Corn, which advanced about 2 cents a bushel.

GRAIN—The receipts of Wheat have been very light; sales of good to prime reds \$1.30 to \$1.35 and white at \$1.33 to \$1.45—Corn has been in fair demand—ruling price from Saturday to Thursday for white 59 to 61 cts., and yellow 61 to 63 cts. On Thursday and Friday an advance of 2 cents a bushel was realized under the Cambria's News.

CLOVER SEED—Stock moderate—sales at \$4 25 M 50.
TIMOTHY SEED—Stock very light—Sales at 2 25 o 23 for prime:
WHITE BEANS—In fair demand at 90 to 100 cents,

is in quality.

WOL—Common tub washed 29 to 30 cents.

BUTTER—Ordinary in Kegs and Firkens 12 to 14c.
Slades 14 to 17 cts., Stock light.

LARD—In Kegs. Firkens and bbis., 7 to 7‡ cts.

PLASTER—2 25 to \$3 per Ton by Cargo, as in

PLASTEE—2 25 to \$6 per formand at 32 to 33 cts.
quality:
FEATHERS—In moderate demand at 32 to 33 cts.
WHISKEY—In bbls. 24 to 25 cts.
BEEF CATTLE—At Monday's market some 600
Head were offered and about 330 head sold at 2 50 to
\$5 50 per 100 lbs. on hoof.
HIGGS—The supply is very large, with sales at 4 75
to \$5 124 per 100 lbs., as in quality. Yours truly
W. & CO.

STABBIBIED . On the 23d of December, by the Rev. John Richards, Mr. James H. McElwee to Miss Catharine Ann Larick, all of Frederick county.

On the 6th instant, by the Rev. John Richards, Mr. James M. Haldwin to Miss Gatharine Keckley, all

James M. Baldwin to Miss Gatharine Reckley, all of Frederick county.

On Thursday evening the 6th instant, by the Rev. J. Few Smith, Mr. Henry Knierll to Miss Elizabeth Ann Mahew, all of Winchester.

On Thursday, 6th instant, by the Rev. D. Ball, Mr. Isaac Wilson to Miss Eliza Thare. Also, on the same day, by the same, Mr. Thornvon W. Orndorff to Mis Mary A. Godlove, all of Hardy connty, Va. On the 28th of December, by the Rev. John Richards, WM. Yates to Elizabeth McKnight, all of Shenandeak county.

doan county.

On the 22d of November, at Monterey. Mexico. Mr.
THOMAS J. MYERS, of Richmond, Va., to Senorita CARMENCITA PEREZ, of Monterey.

DIED.

On Thursday morning the 13th instant, of consumption, at an advanced age, Mr. ADAM ANDERSON, for many years a respected clitzen of Winchester.

At the Puente Nacional on the 15th of November, on his way to the city of Mexico, Edward J. Nicholon, formerly of Martinsburg, in the 47th year of his age.

On the 31st December, at the residence of his son-in-law, Jacob Neiswanger, Eq., in St. Clairsville, Ohio, Mr. Abraham Grove, in the 85th year of his age, formerly of Winchester.

On the 11th instant, of cancer, at his residence near Vinchester, Mr. Ws. Buss, in the 69th year of his age. On the 9th December last, at Louisville, Kentucky, after a protracted illness, Mrs. Many Burnert. She was formerly of Jefferson county, Va., but for some time past a resident of Clarke county, Ohio.

On the Hin instant, Connectia Waddell, consort of Dr. James Alexander Waddell, of Staunton, Va., and daughter of the Hon. John Tayloe Lomax, of Fredericksburg, Va.

ourg. va.

At Harpers-Ferry, on the 17th instant, ELIZA OTHANIEL, daughter of Edmund H. and Mary Chambers, aged
six weeks and five days.

Miscellaneous Notices.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be admintered in the Presbyterian Church, Charlestown, on Seath next, 30th inst. Preparatory Service will comence on Saturday previous, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

QUARTERLY MEETING. The Fourth and last Quarterly Meeting for the present Conference year of the M. E. Church, will be held in Smithfield, commencing on Saturday the 29th instant at 11 o'clock. The Rev. Henry Tarring, Presiding Elder of the District, and other Ministers are expected to be in attendance.

Jan. 13, 1848.

VOLNEY B. PALMER, Esq. is our authorized Agent in he following places: PHILADELPHIA, N. W. corner of Third & Chesnut sts.; NEW YORK, Tribune Buildings, opposite the Park; Boston. No. 20, State Street; BALTIMORE, S. W. corner of Fayette and North sts.

Baltimore, S. W. corner of Fayette and North sis.

(From the Boston Evening Traveller, January 7, 1817.)
It is perhaps but an act of justice to the proprietors of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for us to say, that our personal experience in the use of this article has impressed us most favorably. One of the proprietors of the Traveller was entirely cured of assevere cough of four months continuance, by the use of this Balsam; and several of our friends and acquaintance, who have tried the article, have found it of great service in relieving them of severe coughs and shortness of breathing, with which they had been afflicted. Mr. Seth W. Fowle, No. 133 Washington street, is the general agent.

Be not decieved, remember that spurious imitations and other preparations of Wild Cherry abound throughout the land, but it is Dr. Wistar's that has performed so many thousand wonderful cures, therefore buy no other but the genuine, original Balsam of Wild Cherry, None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS, on the wrapper.

per.

307 A fresh supply of the above Balsam, on hand and
for sale by THOS. M. FLINT, Charlestown, HENRY
S. FORNEY, Shepherdstown, and JOS. G. HAYS,
HAPPER Ferry.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., in the rear of Coleman's and Brown BY T. M. MCLLHANY, [Late of Virginia.]

[Late of Virginia.]

TillS spacious establishment, having been refitted and furnished in all its departments, is now open to the public, for their patronage and support. It is situated at convenient distances from the Rail-road Depot, Capitol, Patent Office, and General Post Office.

Boarders, Visiters and Travellers, will find pleasant and capacious rooms, neatly furnished, upon moderate terms.

Washington, Jan. 25, 1848.

PUBLIC SALE. BEING about to reduce my farming operations, I will offer for sale, at the Rich-Woods Farm, on Thursday the 3d day of February—if fair—if not, the next fair day—a portion of my stock, con-

not, the next fair day—a portion of my stock, consisting of
Seventy head of Sheep,
Ten head of Horses, I Colt,
Fifteen head of Cattle—including Cows, &c..—
three of the above cattle are already fattened and fit for killing,
Two Wagons, one a Road Wagon, the other of lighter structure,
Wagon and Plough Gears,
Harrows and Plough Gears,
Harrows and Ploughs,
8 or 10 Shovel Ploughs,
Forks, Rakes, Scythes, besides various other farming implements.
A credit will be given until the 31st of December next, on all sums exceeding five dollars.—
Bonds with approved security being given for the same. Sums of five dollars and under, cash.
THOMAS B, WASHINGTON.
Jan 25, 1848.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Shop to the stand of Wells J. Hawks, at his Coach Factory, (formerly occupied by me,) where I will for the future keep constantly on hand, and man-ufacture to order at short notice, every variety of

Saddles, Bridles and Harness, together with all kinds of Collars, Travelling Prunks, of all sorts and sizes, and at prices to suit Trunks, of all sorts and sizes, and at prices to suit all persons,—and all articles in my line of business. I respectfully invite my old friends and customers to call and examine my stock of Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Collars, Trunks, &c., before purchasing olsewhere, as I am determined to sell as cheap, and on as good terms as any other establishment in the county.

Feeling thankful for favors heretofore extended, I hope, by renewed efforts to please, to merit and receive a fair proportion of the business of the neighborhood.

Oharlestown, Jan. 25, 1848.

N. B.—Repairing done with neatness and de-

N. B.—Repairing done with neatness and despatch, at the shortest notice. [F. P. copy 31.

Godey's Lady's Book and Family MAGAZINE.

MAGAZINE.

THE oldes. Magazine in the United States, contains monthly sixty pages of Reading matter, by the first writers in the country.—twelve more than the New York Magazines. Two splendid steel engravings, and undeniable authentic colored monthly Fashion plate, Model Cottages and Churches, Crochet Work, and other matters for the Ladies, all illustrated and well explained, &c. &c. d, &c. &c.

Lady's Dollar Newspaper, making three publications in one month, copies without the Lady's Dollar Paper, copies with 1 to the person sending the club 10 00

A specimen of either the Lady's Book, or the Lady's Dollar Newspaper sent to any person paying postage on the request.
Address,
No. 113 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia. January 25, 1848.

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

Domestics, Domestics.

WE are receiving and have on hand,
25 pieces ½ plain Osnaburg for shirting,
20 do Twilled for pants,
12 do Maryland Pen'y plaids for dresses,
do Plain Brown Cottons 4-4,

20 do Flain Brown Cottons 4-4,
20 do Extra fine,
50 do Bleached from 10 to 20 cents,
Bleached and Brown sheetings 6-4 to 13-4 wide,
10 pieces Patapsco Bagings,
Prepared knitting Cotton—Brown, Bleached and
Blue Burlap Linens, &c., &c.
Our stock being very large, and purchased at
the lowest prices, cnables us to sell at the
shortest profits and on liberal terms to good dealers. We ask a call. GIBSON & HARRIS.
January 25.

January 25.

VALUABLE BOOKS.

UST received, a large edition to our stock of Books, among which will be found a num-ber of the most valuable works. We subjoin a catalogue in part:

catalogue in part:

Arnold's History Rome, Prayer Books,
Later's Roman Com-flymn Books,
monwealth,
Thier's French Revo, Sliakspeare, bound in
Carlyes's do, Turkey and Gilt,
Guizot's Hist. English Moore, in turkey & gilt,
Revolution,
Do. Hist. Civilization,
Michible's His France, Morkey, Prayer Do. Hist. Civilization,
Michblet's His. France,
Bancroft's "U.S.,
McCauley's Miscell'ies,
Proissart's Chronicles,
D'Aubigne's Hist. Ref.,
Prescott's Miscellanies,
Prescott's Miscellanies,
Prescott's Mescellanies,
Prescott's Mescellanies,
Proverbial Philosophy,
by Tupper, handsomely bound,
Do. do. plain,
Poets of America,
Milton's,
Irving's Columbus,
Life of Capt. J. Smith
illustrated by D. Strother,
Arnold's Lectures Modern History,

Solidation, Works,
Montgomery's Poems,
Burn's Works,
Montgomery's Poems,
Montgomery's Poems,
Montgomery's Po

Arnold's Lectures Modern History.

Rights and Wrongs of Indians by McHenry, Illustrated, containing a true portrait of Pochahontas, by Sully, Edgeworth's Novel's, Mrs. Sherwood's works, Mrs. Ellis' works, Charlotte Elizabeth's do Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, 6 vols. turkey and gilt elegantly illustrated, The public are respectfully invited to call and look over them.

Jan. 25, 1848.

Pycroft's Course of Read ing.
Pycroft's Course of Read ing.
Carlyle's Socred Mountains, in turkey and cloth, Large asst. of Bibles, Carlyle's Speeches of Cromwell, Stephen's Travels, Together with several hundred other vols. of Miscellaneous works and light Literature which we will sell look over them.

MILLER & BRO. Jan. 25, 1848.

Goods at Cost.
WE have on hand Cashmeres, Mouslins, Merinoss, & Calicoes, with a large lot of other desirable articles, which we will sell at cost or less if necessary. Call-and see the bargains.

Jan. 25. GIBSON & HARRIS. ARLY YORK CABBAGE SEED, togethof Garden Seeds from the Shaker's Garden, New
Lebannon, and warranted, just received by
Jan. 25.
J. P. BROWN.

fourneyman Blacksmith Wanted I WISH to hire for the present year a JOUR-NEYMAN BLACKSMITH. To one who is a good workman, of steady and industrious habits, a good situation will be offered. A single Man would be preferred. JOSEPH MYERS. Myerstown, Jan. 11, 1848—4t.

FRESH MACCARONI, for sale by CRANE & SADLER

THE subscriber having leased for a term of years, to a suitable tenant, the form and tenements recently owned and occupied by Capt. John Quigly, dec'd, will offer at public sale, on the premises near Kerneyaville, on Thursday the 3d day of February heat, the personal property belonging to the heirs of the decedent, consisting in part as follows:

A Head of fine Work Horses, Milch Cows and 10 head of stock Cattle, Brood Sows, Pigs and Stock Hogs, 23 head of Sheep,

23 head of Sheep, 2 Cows, fine Beef, 1 strong two horse Barouche and Harness, 1 good Farm Wagon, Gears for five Horses, complete, Gears for five Horses, complete, Wood Ladders, 1 Cart and Gears, Fifth and Log Chains, Halter Chains, with straps, &c.

Barshear Ploughs,
Double and Single Shovel do.,
I new Harrow and Cultivator,
I new Premium Wheat Fan, Doyle's make,
Hoes, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, &c. ALSO

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Household and Kitchen Furniture, 1 Eight-day Clock, Chairs, Tables, Stands and Wash Stands, 3 pair Bedsteads, 3 Feather Beds, Straw Mat

Looking Glasses—Carpeting.

Stoves, And-Irons, Shovels and Tongs,
A lot of Tin Ware, Iron Ware,
Dishes, Knives and Forks, and many other articles of house-keeping utility.

Also—1200 lbs. of Pork now in salt and ready for

smoking; 60 Barrels of superior Flour in Isaac Strider's Mill; 3,000 lbs of Offal in do do do From 90 to 100 barrels Corn in the crib,

40 bushels of Oats.

I will also ofter for sale a superior Piano, Baltimore manufacture, of fine finish and tone. It will be sold for \$225, seventy-five dollars less than the original cost—the purchaser giving his bond with good security, payable nine or twelve months, after date.

Terms of Sale.—The Flour and Corn will be sold for each the Beaves, Pork Oats and Official. 40 bushels of Oats.

sold for eash; the Beeves, Pork, Oats and Offal on a credit of sixty days. On all other property a credit of nine months will be given on sums of five dollars and upwards, the purchaser giving bond with good security—under five dollars the cash will be required.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

JAMES W. STRIDER. HOGAN & THOMPSON,

Wholesale Booksellers, Stationers,

AND PUBLISHERS, 30 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia, No. 30 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia;

A NNOUNCE to their friends, and to merchants generally, in the Valley of Virginia, that their stock of Books and Stationary for the coming business season of 1848 will be larger and better assorted than at any formor period. It will embrace every article in the trade which is required for the sales of the country merchant.

In consequence of the change in their terms of selling, they are enabled to offer SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, PAPERS, and BLANK BOOKS, &c. at prices so greatly reduced from former rates, as to make it to the interest of all who deal in these articles to purchase from their stock.

all who deal in these articles to purchase from their stock.

Hitherto the system of crediting small amounts has involved an expense in their collection, and as II. & T. now sell only for CASH, or such negotiable notes as are sure to be paid in bank at their maturity, the saving to those who choose to deal in this manner will be a very considerable per centage on their purchase.

Fow dealers in the country buy more than \$200 worth of stationary in a season, many not over

Fow dealers in the country buy more than \$200 worth of stationary in a season, many not over one-half, and a large portion not more than one-fourth of that amount. There is not a dealer, therefore, who visits Philadelphia who would be inconvenienced by paying these small sums in Cash, and as each can save money by doing so, H. & T. believe they are offering an inducement which will gladly be embraced by those who make their purchases in Philadelphia. Those who enter into such an arrangement will be enabled to sell at prices much below their former rates at home, and will consequently reap a larger aggregate profit from the increased amount of their sales.

sales.

Having a Printing Office for copperplate and Having a PRINTING OFFICE for copperplate and type work, and an extensive BINDERY, H. & T. are prepared to fill orders from Banks and Public Offices, when forwarded through merchants, at extremely low prices.

Philadelphia, January 18, 1848.—tf.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership. THE partnership heretofore existing between Thomas Lock and J. H. Sherman, known by the firm of Thomas Lock & Co. was, on the 7th inst. dissolved, by mutual consent.

THOS. LOCK.

J. H. SHERMAN. Smithfield, Jefferson Co , Va., } January 18, 1848—tf.

A CABD.

I WOULD inform my friends and the public generally, that I have purchased Mr. Sherman's interest in the Store, and that I am now prepared and determined to sell Goods as low, if not lower, than they can be had in the town.

I most respectfully invite all persons to call and examine the quality and prices of my Goods. I take this opportunity of returning to my friends and the public generally, my thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me, and liope by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of their favors. Smithfield, Jan. 18, 1848-tf.

J. L. McPHAIL, Fashionable Hat and Cap Manufacturer, 132 Bal-timore st., Baltimore,

KEPS constantly on hand, or Manufactures to order, every description of HATS and CAPS. The latest Paris and New York Fashions are gotten out in a few days after their To dealers in the Valley of Virginia, generally,

the undersigned begs leave to tender his most grateful acknowledgment for the kind patronage heretofore extended towards him, and hopes to merit a continuance of their favors. For the merit a continuance of their favors. For the Spring trade, a choice variety and assortment will be in store at an early day.

Baltimore, Dec. 31, 1847—6m.

Prepare for Spring. .

THE Subscribers have received a very large supply of 4.4 and † Brown Cottons, heavy, plain and twilled Osnaburgs, Penitentiary Plaids, Burlap Linens, with all Goods required by Farmers for Spring clothing for their servants, all of which have been bought at reduced prices, and will be sold by piece or otherwise.

Jan. 18. MILLER & BRO.

Jan. 18.

SCHOOL BOOKS.—All the most approved Latin, Greek, French and English School Books. Also, 10 reams assorted cap paper; Ten reams assorted letter from 6 to 25c per quire, Gitt edged do., Note Paper, Visiting Cards, Gold Pens, Steel do., Lead Pencils, Drawing do., Graduated do., Handsome Rosewood Writing Desks, A well assorted lot of Portfolioes.

Wafers, Quills, Ink, Sand, &c..
On hand and for sale as low as they can be bought anywhere.

MILLER & BRO.

Jan. 25, 1818.

Jan. 25, 1818.

MATCHES-6b gross Matches, for sale by YOUNG, Ag's

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, on FRIDAY the 28th instant, at the residence of the late Dr. Wm. P. Burnett, in Charlestown, all the Personal Property of the said deceased, consisting in part as follows:

FURNITURE, which is-1 Mahogany Sideboard, with

among which is—1 Mahogany Sideboard, with
Marble Slab;
Several Mahogany Dining and other Tables;
1 dozen Mahogany Chairs;
Work Stand, two Feather Beds, one Mattress;
Bedsteads, Lounges, Chairs, Looking Glässes;
2 Cooking Stoves, (one nearly new,) Parlor do.;
Brass And-Irons, Shovels and Torgs;
Bell-Metal Kettle, Carpets;
Wardrobes, Book Cases, Wash-stands;
China, Glass and Queensware;
Iron Pots, Ovens, Tubs, Buckets, &c.
Also, one superior Milch Cow.
The Medical Library and Medicines of the deceased will also be sold at the same time. Among the Medical Books are many recently published and valuable standard works.

Terms—Cash for all sums of five dellars and

and valuable standard works.

Terms—Cash for all sums of five dollars and under. On all sums above five dollars a credit of nine months, with bond and approved security.

ANNE J. BURNETT, Ex'x.

Jan. 18, 1848.

NOTICE. A LL persons having claims against the estate of the late Dr. Wm. P. Burnett are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement. Those indebted by open account will please make in medical property. ment. Those indepted by open please make immediate payment.

ANNE J. BURNETT, E. x. x.

Jan. 18, 1848. [F. Press copy.

Exchange and Lottery Office. NO. 7, LIGHT ST., BALTIMORE, MD R. C. MATLACK & CO.

CAPITAL PRIZE 20,000 DOLLARS

Five Prizes of \$20,000 each! Maryland Consolidated Lettery. CLASS 9, FOR 1848.

For the benefit of the Susquehanna Canal. To be drawn in the City of Baltimore, Wednes day, January 26, 1848.

S Desire S	GRAN	VD SCHE	ME:
5 P	rizes of	820,000	8100
5	do	3,000	15,
6	do	1,750	8,
5	do	1,332	6,
20	do	1,000	20,
20	do	500	10.
20	do	400	8,
20	do -	300.	6,
20	do	250	
100	do	200	20
63	do	75	All Aberts 74
63	do	60	3
U3	do	50,	5
63	do	40	5
63	do	30	to service and a
3,843	do	. 20	.76
23,436	do	10	234

27.814 prizes, amounting to Tickets \$10—Shares in proportion. Certificates of packages in the above will issued and sold at the following rates:
25 whole tickets \$140 00 | 25 quarters
25 halves 70 00 | 25 eighths 17

LT The undersigned offer the above splendid Scheme to their numerous acquaintance throughout the country. Persons wishing Tickets in any of the Lotteries that are drawing daily, by sending their orders to us shall be faithfully attended to, and an official of the drawing properly streamed by the Commissioners, sent them imme-

tended to, and an official of the drawing properly attested by the Commissioners, sent them immediately after the drawing is over.

Remember, no postage need be paid on any communication to us on business.

We have Tickets on hand in every Lottery in the State of Maryland. We also have Small Fry Lotteries which draw on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays of each week. Capital prizes from \$8.4000 to \$7.000. Tickets \$21.—Halves 50. cts. 84,000 to \$7,000. Tickets \$1.—Halves 50 cts.
—Quarters 25 cts. Address your orders to
R. C. MATLACK & CO.
No. 7 Light st., 2d door below Fountain Hotel.
Baltimore, Jan. 25, 1848.

FORTUNE'S HOME

The Virginia State Lottery Office.

LOUDOUN ST., WINCHESTER. HE undersigned, authorized Agent for the the county of Jefferson, two miles West of Managers, respectfully invites the attention of the public to the following splendid and unequalled Lotteries for the month of December:

Prizes sold and Cashed During the past few weeks at this Lucky Office

1 Prize of \$2,000 to a gentleman of Frederick: 1 prize of \$1,000 sent to Martinsburg

1 prize of \$300 and 1 of \$100 sold to a farmer. 1 prize of \$500 sent to Romney, Va. TRY YOUR LUCK AND DRAW A FORTUNE. 40.000 DOLLARS

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, Class No. 9, for 1848, to be drawn at Alexan dria, on Saturday, January 29, 1848. 78 Number Lottery-13 Drown Ballots.

SPLENDID SCHEME:

\$40,000, 30,000, 20,000, 10,000, 6,000, 5,000, 4,000, 3,243, 3 of 1,750, 75 of 1,000, 200 (being the lowest 3 Nos.) 500. Tickets \$15; halves 7 50; quarters 3 75; eighths 1 87. Certificates of packages of 26 whole tickets \$200 do 26 halves do 26 quarters do 26 eights

Dr On every Tuesday, Capital \$20,000-Tick ets \$5-Shares in proportion. Packages \$16 25.

27 On every Thursday, Capital \$10,000—
Tickets \$3-quarters 75 cts. Package of quarers \$10.

do

ers \$10.

If The Small Fry Lottery, Capital \$4,500, will be drawn every Saturday—Tickets \$1, half tickets 50 cents; quarters 25 cents. Packages TOrders for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of Packages in the above splendid Lottery will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of the drawing sent immediate-ly after it is over, to all who order from me. Address A. D. O'LEARY. Winchester, Jan 18, 1848.

NO. 1 Loaf Sugar—8 boxes, 150 lbs each, at 11 cents per lb. by the box, or 124 cents at retail, at YOUNG'S Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 31, 1847.

A LMANACS for 1848, of every kind, for sale by MILLER & BRO. Dec. 24, 1847.

C ANDLES.—Just received Mould and Dipped Tallow Cand'es—also, Sperm and Adaman tine for sale low by THOS. RAWLINS CANDLES .- Mould and Dipped Candles; ANDLES.—Mound and by Adamantine do., for sale by E. S. TATE. Dec. 24.

G IBSON & HARRIS, have on hand a very large fine black Muff, that they will sell low. Dec. 24, 1847.

LIFE INSUBANCE.

The subscriber having been appointed agent for the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, is now prepared to receive applications for Insurance on Lives; it is on the mutual system without liability however, beyond the amount of premiums. All profits of the Company are divided annually among the insured. The premiums may be paid quarterly, somiannually or annually, or one half of the premium in a note at 12 months. Individuals insured in this Company, become members of the Corporation, and vote for Trustees.

The rates of Premium with a full participation in the profits are as low as any other institution in this country, and lower than any of the English Companies with only a portion of the profits. As this is a subject not generally understood, I have provided myself, with a large number of prospectus's of the Company, which fully explains the mode of operation, advantages, safety of the Institution and rules of premium, which I will be happy to furnish to any, who may feel any interest on the subject.

Leaven 18 1818 For State of Line Company of the Institution and rules of premium, which I will be happy to furnish to any, who may feel any interest on the subject.

JAMES J. MILLER.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS:

Clover Hulling Machine.

Clover Huiling Muchine.

THE undersigned having procured one of these terms in my life in addition eet up, and be ready to HULL SEED for the Farmers of Jefferson decounty. This Machine is considered a moderate draft for four horses, and will hull from 25 to 50 bushels of Seed in one day, according to the condition that the Seed may be in, as can be established by the following certificates:

JUDGE DOUGLASS;—Sir—I have cleaned out the load of Seed hulled at your Barn, and it made three bushels and one gallon; Time of hulling forty five minutes; being more then four bushels to the hour.

I hereby certify that the above Machine in my Barn with a three horse power hulled out in thirty minutes, a fraction less than two bushels of Clover Seed for me. I was present when the Seed above reterred to by Mr. Spaw was halled, and concur with him as to the time consended. the operation.
I may add, that I feel warrented in expressing

the opinion, that under favorable circumstances as to horse power, condition of Serd. &c., the above Machine is readily capable of hulling from four to five bushels per hour.

Jan 15, 1848.

Judge of the Superior Court.

Those having Seed would do well to give me a call before getting it out.

Jan. 18, 1848. BENJ. TOMLINSON Free Press Copy.

A NEW OYSTER SALOON.

A NEW OYSTER SALOON.

G,660
20,000
Clock of Color of to share the patronage of the Town and County.

He returns his sincere thanks to the generous public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him.

January 18, 1848—1m. CAUTION.

CAUTION.

A 1.L persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing in any manner whatever, upon the land belonging to the estate of W.s. Butler, dec'd, as great inconvenience and injury has been experienced therefrom. The law will hereafter be rigidly enforced against all offenders, without respect to persons. W. G. BUTLER, Adm'r. Jan. 18, 1848—8t.*

ET I wish to hire for the next year a Negro Woman, who is a good cook, washer, &c.

W. G. B.

FOR RENT, THE Farm in Clarke County, belonging to the estate of the late JUDGE PARKER. Apply to R. PARKER. Charlestown, January 18, 1848—tf.

A FEMALE Servant, who is a good Cook and Washer.

Apply to KEYES & KEARSLEY.

January 18, 1848. EXECUTOR'S SALE

FOR HIRE,

Valuable Jefferson Land. BY authority of the last will and testament of George H. Riely, deceased, the subscriber, as Executor of the same, will offer at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on FRI-

Valuable Tract of Limestone Land on which the said testator lately resided, lying inson's Depot, and near the Railroad; four and a half miles South of Smithfield, and adjoining the lands of John & Joseph Smith, James Griggs and others, containing full

270 ACRES.

a fair proportion of which is in Tunber. The Improvements consist of a comfortable Log Dwelling Houses, Ritchen and Smoke House, an excellent BARN, sheded nearly all round, part of it finished and garnered off as a Granery, and a good Corn-house, all under good roof,—a Well of water convenient to the house, on a stream never known to fail, and a large Pool for Stock, which, I am informed, stands through the dryest season; also, an Orchard of good Pruit. This Land is of the best quality, and will compare well with any in the county for the certainty and abundance of the crop. Persons not familiar with the farm would do well to call and examine the land before the day of sale.

Possession will be given on the 1st of April next—reserving the privilege for the present tenant to cut, thresh and hand away the crop of grain in the ground, which will not be sold with the farm.

Terms:—One-third of the purchase money in hand—the balance in three equal annual payments, bearing interest from the day of sale. The interest which shall have accrued on the deferred payments, to be paid at the end of each successive twelve months. All to be secured by bond and a lien on the Land.

W. O. MACOUGHTRY, Ext.

Gold Pens. WE have just received another supply of those celebrated Diamond Pointed Gold Pens, both in Gold and Silver Cases. Also a few extra Pens without Cases; persons in want of the above articles can be supplied by calling at the Store of Jan. 11. C. G. STEWART & SON.

Nalls. 50 KEGS Nails, assorted sizes, for sale by Jan. 7. KEYES & KEARSLEY. EXTRACT of Vanilla Concentrated, for fla-E voring Ices, Jellies, Custards, or any other such articles which are generally used at this sea-son of the year, for sale by T. M. Flist, Dec. 17, 1847.

E AU LUSTRALHair Restorative, for cleans-ing, beautifying, preservation and growth of Hair, to be had at the Drug Store of T M. FLINT. Dec. 17, 1847.

SAUR KRAUT—Just received, a fine lot of Saur Kraut, with Pickled Pork to match.—
Both Baltimore made.
Dec. 24.

E. M. AISQUITH:

RAZORS—I have a few of those prime Razors left, made to order by Wade & Butcher, and warranted to please, which I will sell low for cash. Dec 17, 1947.

SALAD OIL, of superior quality, for sale by Dec. 3. MILLER & BRO.

From the Dublin Nation.
WERE I BUT HIS OWN WIFE. Were I but his own wife, to guard and to guide him,
'Tis little of sorrow would fall on my dear;
I'd chant my low love verses, stealing beside him,
So faint and so tender his heart would but hear;
I'd pull the wild blossoms from valley and high land,
And there at his feet I would lay them all down;
I'd sing him the songs of our poor stricken Island,
Till his heart was on fire with a love like my own. There's a rose by his dwelling—I'd tend the lone treasur. That he might have flowers when the summer won

There's a harp in his hall-I would wake its sweet me sure,

For he must have music to brighten his home.

Were I but his own wife, to guide and to guard him,

This little of sorrow should fail on my dear;

For every kind glance my whole life would reward him

In sickness I'd soothe and in sadness I'd cheer.

My heart is a fount swelling upward forever—
When I think of my true love by night or by day.
That heart keeps its faith like a fast flowing river
Which gushes forever and sings on its way.
I have thoughts full of peace for his soul to epose in,
Were I but his own wife to win and to woo—
On! sweet, if the night of misfortune were closing,
To rise like the morning-star, darling on you.

LOVE SONG. LOVE SONG.

Oh! come to my heart, then, most treasured and dear; Though the wide world forsake you, "your home is still here;"
There is rest from your labors and balm for your woe, And your sure place of refuge wherever you go.

The sweet home of childhood is far from our sight—
No star sand; her rays thro, the thick spreading night:
The clouds darken round and the storms are in view, But this heart is all summer when smiled on by you.

My bird, how the arrow has shattered thy wing:
Ny rose, how thy fair hues have died with the spring:
My fawn, full of lightness, now wearied and spent;
But thy wounds cry to Heaven and the cure will be sent

No loud winds arising shall break your repose— No cold frosts will chill you, so warmly it glows.

Variety.

LOVELINESS.—Young ladies, it is not your neat dress, your expensive shawl, or your golden fingerrings that attract the attention of men of sense. It is your character they study. If you are trifling and loose in your conversation—no matter if you are beautiful as an angel—you have no attraction for them. It is the true leveliness of your nature that wins and continues to retain of, your nature that wins and continues to retain the affections of the heart. Young ladies sauly miss it who labor to improve their outward looks, while they bestow not a thought on their minds. Fools may be won by gewgaws, and the fashionable by showy dresses; but the wise and substanand any acceptance of the was and successful are never caught by such traps. Use pleasant and agreeable language, and though you may not be courted by the fop and the sap, the good and truly great will love to linger in your pre-

Time.—Every year steals away something from us. In one we lose a relation, in the next a friend,—health grows more precarious, and pleasure less affuring, till by degrees, the whole little mass of happiness we had been gathering, drops from us insensibly, and that grave, which we once looked on with so much horror, becomes at last our refuge and shelter.

A Dutchman was relating his marvellous escape when thirteen of his companions were drowned by the upsetting of a boat, and he alone was saved. "And how did you escape the fate of the rest?" asked one of his hearers, "I tid not go in te poad," was the Dutchman's placid answer.

BETTING.—A Georgia negro was riding a mule along, and came to a bridge, when the mule stop-ped. "I'll bet you a quarter," said Jack, "I'll make you go ober dis bridge," and with that struck the mule over the ears, which made him nod his head suddenly. "You take do bet den," said the negro, and contrived to get his stubborn mule over the bridge. "I won dat quarter, any how," said he. "But how will you get your money?" said a man who had been close by unperceived. "To mor-row," said Jack, "massa gib me a dollar to buy corn, and I takes de quarter out."

Runaway matches are certainly very common now.a.days. We heard of a couple who went off to New York to get married, and came back to the bride's house to ask the forgiveness of her father.
"My forgiveness!" exclaimed the old gentleman," why, I'm only too glad to get rid of you—and I should have favored your wishes, if I had not known you were so coultary, that if I'd and and I should have favored your wishes, if I had not known you were so contrary, that if I'd encouraged you in the least, you'd have refused the man of your heart. Your ill-temper, extravagance, and idleness, make your marriage no loss to me, my dear child. So take her, my dear sir," he added to the chop-fallen bridegroom, "and may you be happy!"—115. Knick.

question has long been discussed whether females ought to court? Of course it has nothing to do with leap year. This year, by common consent, the ladies have a right to do all the courting. the ladies have a right to do all the courting—Gentlemen, it is true, may do some part of this business during leap year, but only by your sufferance, and your consent. You have a right to bestow delicate attentions whenever you list, whether they will or no. It is your prerogative; use it. If they can resist your influence through a whole year, they ought to be hung apon the north side of Diana's Temple for a thousand years, as examples of the coldest kind of icicles.

Childhood is like a mirror, catching and reflecting images from around it. Remember that an impious or profane thought, uttered by a parent's lip, may operate upon the young heart like a careless spray of water thrown upon polished steel, staining it with rust which no after succour can

"You should never let the young men'kiss you," said a venerable uncle to his pretty niece.

"I know it, uncle," returned she, penitently,
"and yet I try to cultivate a spirit of forgiveness, seeing that when one has been kissed, there is no

Chloroform is the name of a rival of the "Le-theon;" and as the public curiosity has been con-siderably excited in relation to it, the Boston Medi-cal and Surgical Journal, very lucidly explains the constituents of its formation, as follows:

We have space this week only to say that chloroform is the perchloride of formyle—formyle being in chemical language, the hypothetical radical of formic acid, which latter is obtained from the red nut, and also latterly from sugar, starch, and indeed most other vegetable substances.

A SMILE .- A writer on swearing, says that ar oath from a woman's lips is unnatural and incredi-ble, and he would as soon expect a bullet from a

Bad roads, cloudy weather, tight boots, a scold-ing wife, squalling children, hard times and small potatoes, are very apt to give a man the blues.

What the Old Lady Said.—An old lady down towards Speenk, Long Island, once said that her idea of a great man was—"A man what is keerful of his clothes, don't drink no spirits, kin read the bible without spellin the words, and kin eat a cold dinner on wash day, to save the wimmen folks from cookin."

An Irishman in writing a letter to his sweet-heart, asking whether she would accept of his love or not, writes thus:—"If you don't love me plaze send back the letter without breaking the seal."

Dr. Beecher says: "Never chase a lie. Let it alone, and it will run itself to death. I can stork out a good character much faster than any one else can lie me out of it."

"Why is an hundred dollar bill like an anvil ?" Because it's bard to raise."

ART UNION, PHILADELPHIA,

RT UNION, PHILABELPHAA,

OR the Promotion of the Fine Arts in the
United States—Incorporated in 1844.
OFFICERS FOR 1847—S.—James McMurtie,
President; Joseph Sill, Vice President; Wm.
Todhunter, Treasurer; James S, Wallace, Corresponding Secretary; Thomas F. Adams, Recording Secretary,
COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT—Rev. Henry J.
Morton, D. D. Ray, Wm. H. Furnace, D. D.

Morton, D. D., Rev. Wm. H. Furnace, D. D., Churles Toppan, John Towne, Hon. Wm. D. Kel-ley, John Sartain, H. B. Wallace, Chas. Macal-ester, John Notman, Geo. R. Graham, Geo. M. Keim, J. Scholefield, Henry C. Baird.

Keim, J. Scholefield, Henry C. Baird.

The object of this institution is to advance the cause of the Fine Arts in the United States, to cultivate and improve public taste, and to afford additional patronage to our American Artists by the purchase of their works.

Every subscriber of five dollars per annum becomes a member of the Institution. The funds

thus received, after deducting necessary expenses, are appropriated first towards the production of a large and costly original Engraving, for distri-bution among the subscribers; the residue of the funds is divided into certificates for different sums, and distributed by lot, amongst the members, (at the annual meeting on the first Monday in May of each year.) for the purchase of Paintings, Drawings, &c., by National Artists, from any accredited Exhibition in the Union.

Thus, for the small sam of fire dollars, each makes the the stricts of requirements and care.

member has the certainty of receiving an engra-ving of a good picture, in the highest style of the art, worth in itself the amount of his subscription,

art, worth in itself the amount of his subscription, and the chance, besides, of drawing a certificate for a considerable sum, to be expended in the pur chase of a Work of Art.

The Engraving for this year will be from Loutze's fine painting of "John Knox Rebuking Mary Queen of Scots," size, 20 inches in height, and of proportionate width.

The institution is managed by gentlemen who have no givileges beyond other members, and no

The institution is managed by gentlemen who have no privileges beyond other members, and no compensation, except the satisfaction of serving the cause of Art; they therefore with confidence appeal to the growing taste and patriotic pride of their fellow-citizens, to lend their aid, (it is but lending,) to a cause which unites so much public good with privilegers; feeting at a little infinite. good with private gratification, at so little individu-

Tr Persons wishing to subscribe will please call on B. F. Washington, Esq., at his office in Charlestown. Dec. 17, 1847.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

THE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the rery highest cash

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Mar tinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usual-ly at his residence in Charlestown. All letters addressed to him will be promptly WILLIAM CROW. Charlestown, Dec. 3, 1847-tf

CHEAP CLOTHING.

Great Bargains and no Mistake! THE subscribers would respectfully inform the public that they keep constantly on hand, at the

New and Cheap Clothing Store, opposite the U. S. Pay Office, Harpers-Ferry, Va., a general assortment of

Ready-Made Clothing, such as Superfine black Cloth Dress and Frock such as Superfine black Cloth Dress and Frock Coats, Cassimere and Cassinet do., Pilot Cloth Overcoats, Fine Cloth do., Cloaks of every quality, Vests from 75 cents up to \$5, Pantaloons of every price and quality, Shirts of all kinds, Under Shirts and Drawers, a general assortment of Silk Hdkfs, Suspenders, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Umbrellas, Canes, Breast Pins, &c., which we are determined to sell at the very lowest prices. Call and examine for yourselves. If Clothing of all descriptions can't be bought for 25 percent, less than at any other establishment in the country, we shall not ask you to expend your

country, we shall not ask you to expend your

money with us.

R. WALTER & BROTHER.

Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 31, 1847—3m.

Virginia, Jefferson County, Sct: IN THE COUNTY COURT. William Bowen, AGAINST "

Joseph F. Taylor, Ignatius Fitzsimmons, and Nicholas Fitzsimmons, IN CHANCERY. A T a Court continued and held for the said county, on the 16th day of November, 1847, the Defendants not having entered a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in this county for two months successively, and posted at the front door door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy—Teste,
T. A. MOORE, Cl'k.

Nov 26, 1847-2m.

Virginia. Jefferson County, Sct: IN THE COUNTY COURT, | DECEMBER TERM, 1847.

Edward M. Aisquith, PLT'r Joshua Mullinix and wife, DEF'TS

IN CHANCERY.

THIE Defendants not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhis Commonwealth, it is ordered that the said Defendants do appear here on the first day of the next March Term of this Court, and answer the Bill of the Plaintiff; and that a copy of this Order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy—Teste.

Dec. 24, 1847—20.

T. A. MOORE, CPk.

T. A. MOORE, CI'k.

Dec. 24, 1847-2m. Jane's Family Medicines.

JAYNE'S Expectorant, Do, Hair Tonic, Alterative, Carminative Balsam, Tonic Vermifuge, Sanative Pills,

Do. Ague and Fever do.,
Do. Hair Dye.
A large supply of the above valuable medicines ust received, and for sale by
Dec. 10, 1847. JOHN P. BROWN. Fresh Merchandize.

The subscriber has lately received a full asserted as full as

JUST received another lot of Ground Alum and Fine Salt—factory filled—in fine order and for sale low. Also, a small, his of fine Bacon Middlings, on hand and for sale cheap, at ddlings, on hand and for eale cheap, of F. DUNNINGTON'S

New Warchouse, near Decker's × Roads,
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Dec. 10, 1817.

PUBLIC SALE, Of Valuable Real Estate, and the best Water-Power in the Valley of Virginia.

THE subscribers as Trustees, and in virtue of A a decree of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson county, will sell at public auction, on the premises, on

Tuesday the 1st day of February REAL ESTATE

of the late John Strider, lying on the Great Falls of the Shenandoah River, in the county of Jefferson and State of Virginia, in the immediate vicinity of the flourishing towns of Harpers-Ferry, (the site of the extensive National Armory, where at least \$180,000 are amusally expended by the General Government and when the state of the state eral Government, and where constant encourage-ment is offered to a great number of Mechanics of nearly all trades,) of East, West, and South Bolivar, (all of which are in rapid progress of im-provement,) and last but not least, Virginius, sit-uated on a beautiful Island of that name, near the uated on a beautiful Island of that name, near the mouth of the Shen indoah river, and on which there is in successful operation an Iron Foundry, a veryjextensive Flouring Mill, and perhaps the best Saw Mill in the Valley of Virginia; also, a splendid Cotton Factory, nearly finished. The splendid Cotton Factory, nearly finished.

Two Tracts of Land. One on the East and the other on the West side of the river, (Shenandoah,) the former containing SEEDE TEELS.

and the latter 219, making together Two Hundred and Seventy-nine Acres. besides several very valuable ISLANDS, which contain about 20 Acres, and command the whole River: and being situated immediately at the Great Falls, can render available about 14; feet, thus affording sufficient power for another Lowell. Besides the foregoing advantages, ex-ternal and internal, and which would alone renternal and internal, and which would alone ren-der this property as desirable as any other in this part of the country, and such as rarely comes into market, it contains many others which it is not practicable to mention in detail here, but which must be apparent to any man who knows or is informed that this great Water Power is located near the mouth of the Shenandoah river, (a stream

near the mouth of the Shenandoah river, (a stream celebrated for its great constancy,) and immediately at the lower end of the rich and beautiful Shenandoah Valley, and that through this identical property passes all the vast and varied products of the same in quest of a market in the cities of Alexandria, Georgetown, Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, and that here the Potomac and Shenandoah mingle their floods; and on the banks of the former runs the far-famed Chesaneake and of the former runs the far-famed Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, which unites the Alleghany moun-tains, with their rich and unmeasurable treasures of minerals and fossils, coal, lumber and agricul-tural products with the great seaboard, and that here the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, with the here the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, with the Winchester and Potomac line, which connects with the latter, just after passing through this property-meet each other; while along a Northwestern line of the same property also passes a Turnpike road, the great thoroughtare from Winchester via. Harpers-Ferry to Baltimore. There are, furthermore, in the vicinity of this property, extensive

BEDS OF IRON ORE,

and said to be inferior to none in this region.

In view of all these great advantages, and the admirable adaptation of the UPLAND on the West side of the river as a

SITE FOR A TOWN,

and knowing that such Lots are greatly in de-mand, and that the whole must be ultimately occupied, and especially if this Water Power re-ceives the attention it merits in that way, we have, ceives the attention it merits in that way, we have, under the discretion vested in us, by the terms of the Decree of Court, caused the same to be laid off as a Town, dividing it into a large number of Lots of different sizes, many of which will contain one Acre, laid off in square form—very few tain one Acre, laid off in square form—very few will contain less than an acre, while others will contain from three to five acres, as circumstances may require. The streets to be of good width and the principal ones to pass over a delightful surface. The whole could be easily watered by the Shenandoah, as amply, indeed, as Philadelphia is by the Schuylkill, but there is, however, several Springs on this part of the property and in its vicinity. These Lots will be sold separately. The residue, which we designate as

The Water Lot. having such vast power and advantages, including the Islands, will be sold altogether. It contains

the Act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and is without doubt one of the Most Valuable Water Powers in the State of Virginia, or perhaps any where. It is in latitude 39d. 20m., and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth, it is ordered that the said Defendants do appear here a four of earth's revolutions round the sum. The nestion has long been discussed whether females of the next February Term of this for the first day of the next February Term of this for enough from the South to escape in a great incasure the diseases of the war country of course it has nothing to do ith leap year. This year, by common consent. ABOUT 150 ACRES cilities for procuring the raw materials and for the transport of the Manufactured articles. There now stands on this Lot the Walls, Forebay, &c., &c., of a former

Merchant Mill.

which was accidentally burnt a few years ago and which could be re-built and put in operation

and which could be re-built and put in operation for quite a small sum compared to what it would cost where no improvements had ever existed.—

There is also

A. SAVY MIRER.

now upon it, nearly new. Also a very commodious and substantial STONE

INVELLING HOUSE,

of equal instalments, with interest thereon from the day of sale, and to give bond and satisfactory security, and a Trust Deed on the property pur-chased, to secure the deferred navments.

chased, to secure the deferred payments.

G. W. SAPPINGTON,

WM. LUCAS,

ISAAC FOUKE,

Nov. 19. 1847—ts.

Row. 19. 1847—4s.

ROM the liberal encouragement extended to the proprietor, he has been induced to add to his establishment Ten new and very commodious rooms; he is therefore prepared to entertain in a very comfortable manner many more visiters and boarders than heretofore,—and while he continues to keep his house in the same style, hopes to merit and receive the same generous share of public paironage.

merit and receive the same generous shall be supplied patronage.

He further promises, that his Table shall be supplied as usual, with all the delicacies of our various seasons, and his Bar shall always be amplied with the best Wines. Brandies, (foreign and Domestic) and other Liquors of superior quality.

He has also erected additional stalls to his stable, where an abundant supply of Hay, Oats and Corn may always he found.

BY Hacks, Carriages, Buggies and careful Drivers, always ready for the accommodation of visitivers, always ready for the accommodation of visitivers, always ready for the accommodation of visitions. Promissory Notes, &c. &c.

Valuable Jefferson Land for Sale. THE subscriber being desirous of removing to the South, offers for sale his

Valuable Landed Estate, situated three miles North West of Charlestown, (the seat of Justice for Jefferson county, Va.,) within half a mile of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, and the Smithfield and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike, and also within four Miles of Kerney's Depot, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, Containing 600 Acres.

The Impromements consist of a commodious BRICK.

DWELLING HOUSE, containing eleven rooms. The Outbulldings, consist of a Smoke-house, Negro Houses, Statiling, &c.
There is a great variety of

TLUAN EDLEMO growing and yielding upon the Estate

growing and yielding upon the Estate besides every variety of Ornamental Trees growing in the yard.

The Dwelling commands a beautiful view of the Blue Ridge and North Mountains, and is very healthy, but few cases of sickness having ever occurred, arising from its local situation. The land is of the best limestone. From its location,—being convenient to all the improvements, so that all the produce raised upon the farm cyn be easily conveyed to market at little expense,—this estate is one of the most desirable in the county. •

This land can be divided into two farms, giving both wood and water to each.

This land can be divided into two larms, giving both wood and water to each.

The subscriber respectfully invites a call from those desirous of purchasing land, as he is prepared to accept a price that would make the purchase a valuable investment, even as a speculachase a valuable investment, even as a speculation, to any disposed to engage in such an enterprise. To a gentleman of fortune, who desires a country residence, an opportunity is now offered rarely to be met with.

WM. T. WASHINGTON.

Near Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va., }

December 18, 1846.

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS!

Quick Sales and Small Profits, AT THE LEETOWN STORE. THE subscribers respectfully announce to the public generally, that they are now receiving and opening their SECOND SUFFLY of New Fall and Winter Goods, which they will sell very cheap, as their motto is "Quick Sales and Small

The public generally are requested to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere, as they are determined to sell at very low prices. Their stock comprises, in part, the following ar-

cics, viz: Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts and Vestings; Tweeds, Linseys, Flannels and Blankets; Tickings, Burlaps Linens and Checks; Brown, bleached and Osnaburg Cottons; Calicoes at 61, 8, 10 and 121 cts per yard; Ginghams at 12, 19 and 25 cents; Bi'k, white and Furniture Calicoes at 8, 10, 121 Blk, white and Furniture Calicoes, at 8, 10, 10 Cashmeres, Mouselines and Alpaccas; L. C. Silk and Cotton Hdkfs; Black Woollen and Cotton Hose; Laces, Edgings, Ribbons and Tapes; Gum Elastic and Webb Suspenders; Shawls, Comforts and Cotton Lumbellas; Patent Theset Societies Core

Patent Thread, Spool Boss, Buttons, Combs ooth Brushes, Thimbles, &c., &c., Also—A full assortment of Hats, Caps, Boots

and Sloes, and a general assortment of Groceries.

Hardware, Tinware, Queensware and Earthenware.

LICKLIDER & CAMERON.

Lectown, Nov. 5, 1847.

N. B.—All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest market prices.

Marble Establishment.

THE subscribers beg leave, most respectfully, to announce to the citizens of Jefferson and the surrounding counties, that they have opened a MARBLE YARD in Charlestown, a few doors West of the Post Office, on the opposite side, where they will be prepared at all times, to furnish Monuments, Tombs, Hand and Foot Stones; and all other articles in

All orders thankfully received and punctually ANDERSON & RING. Charlestown, August 6, 1847-6m.

Pratt's Patent Artificial Nipple, Breast Pump, and Nursing Bottle.



A SUPPLY of the above valuable articles re-ceived and for sale by JOHN P. BROWN. Charlestown, Aug. 27, 1847.

Wheat and Corn Wanted. THE subscribers are anxious to purchase any number of Bushels of Wheat and Corn, for which they will pay the highest Cash price on delivery; or, if the farmers prefer it, they will haul it from their Barns, as they keep teams for that purpose. Farmers, look to your interest, and give us a call before you dispose of your produce.

M. II. & V. W. MOORE.

ED Plaster, Salt, Fish, Tar, &c. always onh and to exchange with the farmers for their produce.

Oxchange with the farmers for their produce. Old Furnace, Febuary 26, 1847. Jewelry and Fancy Goods.

puff—and we earnestly request Capitalists and Business Men to read this advertisement with care, and to come and compare-our description with the premises to be sold. We are satisfied that nothing is unfairly represented.

Previous to the day of sale, the Lots will all be staked off, and several fair platts made and distribited, one of which will be retained by each of the subscribers; another will be placed in the hands of Mr. John H. Strider, residing near the premises, who will show the same to any persons who may call on him—another will remain in the hands of Capt. James M. Brown, our County Surveyor, who has been engaged to make them out, and who will give any information desired.

Terms of Sale.—The purchasers to pay one-third in cash, and the balance in one and two years, of equal instalments, with interest thereon from the day of sale, and to give bond and satisfactory security, and a Trust Deed on the property purchased. Is secure the deferred neyments. aces, with a general assortment of Toys and other articles usually kept with the above goods.

C. G. STEWART & SON.

Charlestown, Nov. 5, 1847.

Fresh Drugs, Medicines, &c. THOS. M. FLINT has just returned from the city with a full assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Confectionary, Stationery, &c., &c., which he is now opening and offers for sale low.

Also, just received a fresh supply of Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea, Hance's Colebrated Cough Medicines and Sarsaparilla Blood Pills.

November 26, 1847.

November 26, 1847.

J. RANDOLPH TUCKER, WALTAREROUTA

Winchester, Virginia,
WILL practice in the Superior and Inferior
Courts of Frederick, Jefferson, Clarke and
Berkeley Counties.
Winchester, Oct. 1, 1847—tf.

DA. J. D. STABAT, HARPERS-FERRY, VA., OFFERS his Professional Services to the pub-He may be found at Abell's Hotel. Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 17, 1847—3m.

J. GREGG GIBSON, M. D., RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public. He is still associated with Dr. J. J. H. Straith, and will always have the benefit of his instruction and coursel. Unless professionally absent, he may be found at all hours at Dr. Straith's office or at Carter's Hotel.

LOOK HERE سالم BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY

THE undersigned has on hand, and manufac-tures to order, at the shortest notice, all de-scriptions of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which he will be happy to exhibit to his friends and customers—being confident that he can suit all tastes, as he has every variety, and at every shade in price.

Among the stock on hand will be found—
Single, Double, Treble and Cork-soled Boots,
Coarse Boots for servants, very heavy, large supply; from 3 to 400 pair best coarse Shoes, can't be beat,

be heat,
A variety of Calf and Kip Shoes for men's wear,
Calf, Morocco and Kip Shoes, for ladies.
Boys, misses and children's Shoes, various kinds.
In fact he has on hand the best assortment ever manufactured in the town or country, and a judi

ious selection of Ladies wear.

He tenders his thanks to the public for the libe ral custom thus far bestowed upon him, and ex ral custom thus far bestowed upon him, and expects from his desire to please, to receive continued evidences of approbation.

He will at all times make to order any description of work in his line at the very shortest notice.

JAS. McDANIEL, Agent.

October 22, 1847.

NOW FOR BARGAINS.

HAVE now received my supply of Gentlemen's Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Tweeds, Vestings, &c., of every color, quality and price, together with a large assortment of Tailor's Trimmings, which I am determined to sell lower than the same quality of Goods can be bought for at any other establishment in the county. I have also received the latest report of the Fall and Winter Fashions: I am therefore prepared to furnish all kinds of I am therefore prepared. I am therefore prepared to furnish all kinds of Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel on much bette Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel on much better terms than they can be procured elsewhere in the county. All who are in want of Clothing are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before they supply themselves.

JAMES CLOTHIER.

Charlestown, Oct. 15, 1847.

N. B.—All kinds of Garments cut and made to order, as heretofore, at the shortest notice and on the most liberal terms, and always warranted to

the most liberal terms, and always warranted to

FURNITURE DEPOT

At Harpers-Ferry. THE undersigned has the pleasure to announce to the public that he has for sale, a large as BEAUTIFUL FURNITURE

BEAUTIFUL FURNITURE,
Such as Sofas, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Maitresses, Bedateads, Looking Glasses, &c. all of which he will sell at very reduced prices. These articles are manufactured in Alexandria, of the best materials, and in the best manner, with the aid of machinery, and under such favorable circumstances as enables him to assure the public that they are better and handsomer, and will be sold cheaper, than any made in this quarter of the country.

Those who have been in the habit of supplying themselves from the Alexandria establishment, are particularly invited to call and see the artiare particularly invited to call and see the art cles now offered.

Call and examine pefore you purchase else where.

DUNDERTAKING, and Repairing of all kinds of Furniture, attended to promptly.

JOHN R. ZIMMERMAN.

Harpers-Ferry, April 30, 1847—6in.

STOVE WARE-HOUSE.



JACOB FUSSELL, Jr., No. 30, Light street, Baltimore, Maryland,

HAS now on hand, and intends keeping during the ensuing fall, one of the largest and most select stocks of Stoves that can be found in this or any other city. He invites those who want Stoves to visit his establishment, where they can select from a great variety of every principle and style, just such as are suited to their wants, and at prices that will not be objected to. Having in the fall of last year sold a vast number in Jefferson and the adjacent counties, and being desirous of extending them still further, he is induced to offer the following low scale of prices. Persons not visiting the city can order per letter, ennot visiting the city can order per letter, en-closing the cash, and they may depend on having a good article sent: No. 1 Albany Cook, taking 18 inch wood, with all

No. 1 Albany Cook, taking 10 inch the fixtures complete, No. 2 do do 20 inch, No. 3 do do 22 " No. 4 do do 24 " No. 2 "Louis" Parlor Stoves, new style, No. 3 do do do 12 00
No. 3 Louis 14th style cast air-tight, 17 in. 6 00
No. 3 do do do 20 in. 8 00
No. 4 do do do 26 in. 12 00 No. 4 do do do Small Ri uminous Coal Stoves

Small Itiuminous Coal Stoves 6 00
Large do 10 00
Sheet Iron Air-tights from four to eight dollars, which give a quick and regular heat, and are most desirable Stoves for chambers.
Six-plate Air-tights from 4 to 9 dollars; Kitchen Ranges and Hot Air Furnaces at the lowest rates.
Address, JACOB FUSSELL, Ja., July 16, 1847—1y. No. 30 Light st., Balt. Rendy-made Clothing.

WE ask the public to call and examine our splendid stock of READY-MADE CLOTH-ING, which we are not only selling at less than JEW's Pattes, but are actually disposing of for less than the cost of material. Call and see for yourselves.

STEPHENS & WELLS.

December 10, 1847 Main et., Harpers-Ferry, Jan. 11, 1848.

5 HHDS. Porto Rico Sugar, at 61 cts per lb. for sale at ADAM YOUNG'S Agency. Main street, Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 31, 1847.

BALTIMORE TRADE.

LAWRENCE B. BECKWITH, ELOUID & PRODUCE Commission Merchant,

No. 22 Commerce Street, Baltin H. Keyes, Esq.,
T. H. & W. B. Willis,
Jno. R. Flagg, Esq.,
Jas. L. Ranson, Esq.,
Lewis Fry & Co., Berkeley Co., Va.
G. H. Beckwith & Co., Middletcay, Va.
Jno. K. White, Esq., Shepherdstown, Va.
Baltimore, Sept. 17, 1847. REFER TO

WALTER CROOK, Jr., UPHOLSTERER AND PAPER HANGER. 220 Baltimore street, near Charles, Baltis EEPS constantly in store a large and general sales of Upholstery Goods, Curtain Materials, French and American Paper Hangings.

Also makes to order Bed and Window Curtains, Cushions, Carpets, Feather Beds and Matresses.

Baltimore, July 16, 1847—19*

DIX'S COLUMBIA HOUSE,

South Charles Street, opposite German Street, BALTIMORE, MD. HIS HOUSE being located in the Depot makes it a desirable

Situation for Tyavellers.

Terms per day \$1,25 cts.

July 16, 1847—6m.

LEWIS A. METTEE, MERCHANT TAILOR NO. 13 LIGHT STREET,

(Near Fogg's 4: Thurston's Fountain Hotel.)

CENTLEMEN'S Garments made in a superior manner. Making, Cutting and Trimming done on reasonable terms, with neatness and

Baltimore, July 16, 1847-6m. A PHILLIPS & CO., S. W. Corner of Baltimore and Charles streets

HAVE constantly on hand an extensive as-sortment of superior Ready-made Clothing. Gentlemen in want of fashionable Garments will find at this Establishment one of the beat supplies in the city, at the lowest prices for cash.

T Garments made to order, in the most fash ionable style, and warranted to please.

ionable style, and warranted to please.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

Their facilities for purchasing and manufacturing their goods are very advantageous, having one of the firm residing East, which enables them to have early and constant supplies of all SEASONABLE AND FASHIONABLE GOODS.

With the arrangements they have made, and their long experience in the business, they can with confidence assure the public that they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices for cash.

prepared to sell at the lowest prices for CASH.

Baltimore, July 16, 1847—19. TURNER & MUDGE. WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PAPER OF all descriptions.

Printing and Writing Inks, Bleaching Powders, Russia Skins, &c.

Transpared for Rags.

No. 3, South Charles Street, Baltimore.

June 11, 1847-1y. JAMES M. HAIG. No. 133 Baitimore Street, Baitimore,
No. 133 Baitimore Street, Baitimore,
SIGN OF THE GOLD TASSEL,
MPORTER and Manufacturer of Fringes,
Tassels, Gimps, Odd Fellows' and Masonic
Regalia, Flags, Banners, &c. Dealer in Buttons,
Tailors' Trimmings, Cords, &c. Fancy Goods in
every variety, wholesale and retail.

LT All orders promptly attended to.
Baltimore, Feb. 5, 1847—19*

Scales, Scales! Scales!! Marden's Patent Improved Plat form and Counter Scales. Manufactory Corner of South Charles and Balder-

ston Streets, Baltimore.

A LL persons in want of Weighing Apparatus, that is desirable, correct and cheap, can be supplied at my establishment with promptness.—

I warrant every article manufactured, equal, if not superior, to any others in this country, and at prices so low that every purchaser shall be satisfied. Beams and Platforms, from the heaviest tonnage to the most minute Gold and Assayer's Balance, always on hand.

Country Merchants, &c., are particularly invited fo call and examine for themselves, or send their orders, which shall be attended to with despatch.

JESSE MARDEN. ston Streets, Baltimore.

patch. JESSE MARDEN
Baltimore, March 5, 1847—19.

STOVES, STOVES. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscriber most respectfully informs the public, that he keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of Parlor and Cooking Stoves, of the most approved patterns.—He is now manufacturing and receiving a splendid assortment of Air-tight Stoves, for parlors and chambers. He has recently obtained a Patent for a Ventilating Air-tight Stove, which keeps up a constant circulation of air in the room, and when the Stove is closed up, the ventilator is opened at the same time, and the close, oppressive air passes off through the ventilator, and the same pleasant, healthy heat is produced as from a fire-place or open Stove. He is sole agent for Pierce's American Air-tight Cook Stove, the best offered in this market. There are five sizes, for coal or wood. House keepers and farmers should by all means examine this superior Cooking Stove. There is a great saving of fuel, and the oven possesses an advantage over almost any other kind of Stove now in use. It is very large, and the top being fire-brick, the moisture is absorbed during baking, and combines the advantages both of a Brick oven and a Cook Stove. He keeps, also, Air-tight Cooking Rangers, and a superior assortment of Grates for fire-places. Also puts up Furnaces for heating dwellings, banks, churchea, stores, &c.

S. B. SEXTON,
July 16, 1847—6m. 119 Lombard st., Balt. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE undersigned having associated themselves for the prosecution of the Hardware Business, are prepared to offer their friends and all who may call on them an Entire New Stock, which has been selected with the greatest care, from the European and American Manufacturers.

Our Stock, in part, comprises the following articles, viz:

Knives, Scissors, Needles, Razors, Saws, Axes, Files, Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, Guns, Curtain Bands, Tea Trays, Fire Irons, Cast Pots, Ovens, Kettles, Spades, Shovels, Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Chains, Nails, Iron, Steel, Tin, Wire, Copper, Zinc, Lead, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, &c.; Stoves, Grates, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Harness and Saddlery Mountings; Eliptic Springs and Axles, warranted; Patent Leather, Painted Cloth, Coach Lace, Lamps, Hubs, Bows, Hub-bands, Mallable Castings, and all Goods neually kept in Hardware Stores, which we offer wholesale and retail at our new Granite front Ware-houses, sign of the Gill Plane, at the Southeast corner of Bridge and High streets. Entrance, first door from the corner in either street.

MUNGASTER & DODGE.

Georgetown, D. C., March 5, 1847.

Bargains, Bargains.

THE subscribers offer their entire stock of Cashmeres, M. d'Lanes and Prints, at cost. Jan. 7. CRANE & SADLER.

MATCHES-65 gross Matches, for sale by Jan 11 YOUNG, Ag't

Spring and Summer Medicine.

DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA,— THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY ME. DICINE IN THE WORLD,

DIGINE IN THE WORLD,

This extract is put up in quart boules; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without comiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED

MORE THAN 15,000 CURSE THIS YEAR,
1,000 Cures of Rheumatiam,
1,000 Cures of Oyspepsia,
2,500 Cures of General Debility, and want of Nervous Energy.

2,500 Cures of General Debility, and want of Nervous Energy.

3,000 Female Complaints, and over.

7,000 Cures of diseases
Of the Blood, viz:—Ulcers, Scrofula, Piles, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the face, &c., together with numerous cases of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Spinal Affections, &c. This we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our Agents from all parts of the United States, informing us of extraordinary cures. R. Van Buskirk, Esq. one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone.—There are thousands of cases in the city of New York, which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

UNITED STATES OFFICER.
Captain G. W. McLean, member of the New Jersey Legislature, late of the United States Navy has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story: Rahvay, Jan. 25, 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and after taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and find that I improve every day. I believe It saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLean.

THE EDITOR.—John Jackson, Esq. Editor of the Rahway Republican, published the above certificate, and remarks in an editorial as follows:

The success of Dr. Townsend's preparation of Sarsaparilla appears to be of the most extraordinary character. We publish to day two certificates in its behalf one from Capt. McLean, of this town, and one from Rev. Mr. White, of Staten Island, a gentleman well known in Rahway.—Capt. McLean believes the medicine to have saved his life, and Mr. White seems to entertain an equally strong confidence in its efficacy. Intelligent men like these would not praise so strongly what they did not fully believe to deserve it.

SCROFULA CURED .- This certificate was handed into Dr. Townsend's office this week, and con-clusively proves that his Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is

apprecedented,
Three Children.—Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: Three Children.—Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir:
I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my
children have been cured of the Scrofula by the
use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; have taken
only four bottles; it took them away, for which I
feel myself under deep obligation.
Yours respectfully,
Isaac W. Chain, 106 Wooster st.
New York, March 1, 1847.—

New York, March 1, 1847.

RHEUMATISM AND THE PILES .- Dr. Townsend Dear Sir: My wife has been for several years afflicted with rheumatism. She has tried many different remedies to obtain some relief, but all to different remedies to obtain some relief, but all to no purpose. She was finally induced, by seeing your advertisement, to give your Sarsaparilla a trial. We procured some of it from your agent, (Mr. Van Buskirk) and it gives me pleasure to state that after using it she experienced great relief, and was in a very short time perfectly cured, I was also (together with another man in my employ) badly troubled with piles, and by using a small quantity of your Sarsaparilla, our complaint was completely cured. I consider it one of the best of medicines, and would advise all who are afflicted to give it a trial. afflicted to give it a trial.

GARRIT GARRABRANT. 123 Market street, Newark.

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE .- Dr. Townsend's GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE.—Dr. Townsend's
Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipient consumption, barrenness, loucorahœa, or
whites, obstructed or difficult menstruation, incortinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof,
and for the general prostration of the system—
no matter whether the result of inherent causes,
or produced by irregularity, illness or accident.

Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects upon the human frame. Persons all
weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once
become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause
of barrenness.

of barrenness.

It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures per-formed, but we can assure the afflicted that hun-

formed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases, where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring. Dr. Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it recommended for such cases as I have described. I obtained a bottle of Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me. In a short I obtained a bottle of Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me. In a short time it removed her complaints and restored her to health. Being grateful for the benefits she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it.

and recommending it to the public.
M. D. Moore,
corner of Grand and Lydius sts. Albany, August 17, 1844.

Albany, August 17, 1844.

Nervous Deblity — Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is performing thousands of cures in Nervous Diseases, especially in nervous prostration and general debility of the system. It effects the most astonishing results. The patient frequently feels relieved in ten minutes. The following proof from a highly respectable gentleman is in point:

New York, Dec. 28, 1846.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have been severely afflicted for a length of time with great physical debility and prostration of the whole nervous system. At times I have fallen in the streets by attacks of dizziness in the head, accompanied with singing in the ears. I also suffered with the dyapepsia, sickness at the stomach, and sensation of faintness. I read that your Sarsaparilla was need for such complaints, and procured a bottle, and to my astonishment and surprise, before I had used the one bottle, I was like another man; indeed it cured me entirely; I have never been so surprised at any result in my life. I consider your medicine a great blessing, and will extend its use as far as possible. You are at ilberty to publish this if you choose. I live and can be seen at No. 58 Princa street.

Por sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Ealtimore street, and corner of Charles and Pratt streets.

N. B. Persons in the Country enclosing any amount of money post paid to SETH S. HANCE Baltimore, will receive the medicine by the carliest conveyance. Please write your name and address as plainly as possible; no attention given to unpaid letters.

May 7, 1847—eow 1y.

mpaid letters. May 7, 1847—eow 1y.

POWDERED SUGAR—4 bbls. best quality Powdered Loaf Sugar, for sale by Jan. 11. A. YOUNG, Agent. CRIB BLANKETS—For sale by Dec. 81 E. M. AISQUITH